Session 3: [B-2] Interesting Biblical Number Facts

All number counts are based on the Hebrew {Masoretic} Old Testament and the Greek {Traditional Received Text} New Testament.

[Most of the following come from E.W. Bullinger's (1837-1913) book: <u>Number in Scripture</u>]

The day of God- occurs **twice** in the New Testament (II Pet. 3:12; Rev. 16:14)

The day of judgement- occurs **seven** times in the New Testament (Mat. 10:15; 11:22,24; II Pet. 3:7; I Jn. 4:17 [in **three** books])

The day of the Lord occurs sixteen times (2⁴) in the Old Testament (Is. 13:6,9; Jer. 46:10; Ezek. 30:3; Joel 1:15; 2:1,11; 3:14; Amos 4:18 (2x); 5:20; Oba. 5; Zeph. 1:7; 1:14 (2x); Mal. 4:5)

[057]

The Revelation contains **seven** beatitudes (blessings)
(Rev. 1:3; 14:13; 16:15; 19:9; 20:6; 22:7,14)
In the Revelation we are told **seven** times these things are coming soon (Rev. 1:1,3; 22:7,10,12,20)
The 'new heavens and new earth' occurs **four** times in the Scriptures (Is. 65:17; 66:22; II Pet. 3:13; Rev. 21:1) [in **three** books]
The 'Book of Life' is found **three** times in the Old Testament

(Ex. 32:33; Ps. 69:28; Dan. 12:1) and **seven** times in the New Testament (Phil. 4:3; Rev. 3:5; 13:8; 17:8; 20:12,15; 21:27)

[058]

The 'Tree of Life' is found **three** times in the Old Testament, all in **Genesis** (Gen. 2:9; 3:22,24) and **three** times in the New Testament, all in the **Revelation** (Rev. 2:7; 22:14,19) [The **first** and **last** books of the Bible!]

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'Paradise' occurs three times in the New Testament (Lu. 23:43; II Cor. 12:3-4; Rev. 2:7)
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The 'two olive trees' appear **four** times in Scripture (Zech. 4:3,11,12; Rev. 21:1)

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The fig tree in the New Testament occurs 16 times (2<sup>4</sup>) in 9 (3<sup>2</sup>) books (Matt. 21:19-22 [4x]; 24:32; Mark 11:13-14 [3x]; 13:28; Lu. 13:6 [2x]; 21:29; Jn. 1:48 [2x]; James 3:12; Rev. 6:13)
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[059]

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Fig trees (plural) occurs six times in the Old Testament (Deu. 8:8; Ps. 105;33; Jer. 5:17; Hos. 2:12; Amos 4:9; Na. 3:12)
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The olive tree occurs **16** {2⁴} times in the Old Testament- **10** times singular, **3** times duo, **3** times plural in **nine** books (Deu. 24:20; 28:40; Jg. 9:8-9; Ps. 52:8; Is. 17:6; 24:13; Jer. 11:16; Hos. 14:6; Hag. 2:19; Zech. 4:3,11,12; Deut. 2:11; 28:40; I Chr. 27:28)

'Friend' occurs **three** times- Matt. 20:13; 22:12; 26:50 [always disparagingly!]

In Matthew's birth narrative (chapters 1-2) which includes Jesus' genealogy through Joseph (Jesus' legal genealogy): Joseph's name occurs 7 times: Mat. 1:16,18,19,20,24; Mat. 2:13,19 Mary's name occurs 4 times: Mat. 1:16,18,20; 2:11

[060]

In Luke's birth narrative (chapters 1-3) which includes Jesus' genealogy through Mary (Jesus' blood genealogy): Joseph's name occurs **4** times: Lu. 1:26; 2:4,16; 3:23 Mary's name occurs **12** times:

Lu. 1:27,30,34,38,39,41,46,56; 2:5,16,19,34

'Mercy seat' occurs $27(3^3)$ times in the Old Testament

'The candlestick' occurs 27 times

'The wave offering occurs 28 (22 x 7) times

'The <u>heave offering</u> occurs **28** (2² x 7) times

'Frankincense' occurs **21** times (**7** times in Leviticus and **14** times (2x7) elsewhere)

'Manna' occurs 14 (2 x 7) times

[061]

Of the $\mathbf{27}$ (3x9 or $\mathbf{3}^3$) books of the New Testament $\mathbf{21}$ (3 x 7) are Epistles Presently there are $\mathbf{39}$ (3x13) books in the Old Testament

[Originally, I Samuel & II Samuel were one book, I Kings & II Kings were one book, I Chronicles & II Chronicles were one book, Ezra & Nehemiah were one book, and the twelve "minor prophets" were one book]

'The lamb' occurs **28** (4 x 7) times in the New Testament

'Light' occurs **72** (23 x 3²) times

'Moses' occurs **80** (24 x 5) times in the New Testament

[062]

"Hallelujah" occurs **24** times in the Psalms (2^3x3) plus 4 times (2^2) in the Revelation for a total of **28** (2^2x7)

"Hosanna" occurs **1** time in the Old Testament and **6** times in the New Testament for a total of **7**

"Corban" (offering) is found **82** times in the Old Testament **once** in Mark 7:11, and **once** in Matt. 27:6 for a total of **84** times (2²x3x7)

"Milk" is found 44 (2^2 x11) times in the Old Testament and 5 times in the New Testament for a total of 49 (7x7)

[063]

The phrase "first and last" referring to God occurs **3** times in Isaiah and **4** times in the Revelation for a total of **7** times. (Is. 41:4; 44:6; 48:12; Rev. 1:11, 17; 2:8; 22:130

"Isaac" is found 7 times in Deut., 91 (7x13) in the rest of the Pentateuch, elsewhere in the Old Testament 14 times 7 times in Luke and Acts, and 7 times in Paul's Epistles for a total of 126 ($2x3^2x7$)

"Aaron" is found 443 times in the Old Testament and 5 times in the New Testament for a total of 448 (2^6x7)

"Abaddon" (destruction) is found **6** times in the Old Testament and **1** time in the New Testament for a total of **7**

[064]

"After the order of Melchizedek" is found **1** time in the Old Testament and **6** times in the New Testament for a total of **7**

"And thou shalt know that I am the Lord" occurs **7** times {IKi. 20:13; Isa49:23; Ezek. 16:62, 25:7, 32:16, 35:4,12}

"The stone which the builders refused is become the head of the corner" occurs **1** time in the Old testament and **6** times in the New Testament for a total of **7**

"Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself" occurs **1** time in the Old Testament (Lev. 19:18) and **6** times in the New Testament for a total of **7**

[065]

Christ is spoken of as being at the right hand of God 2 times in the Old Testament (Ps. 110:1,5) and 19 times in the New Testament for a total of 21 (3x7)

"His mercy endureth forever" occurs **6** times in Chronicles, **1** time in Ezra, **34** times in the Psalms, and **1** time in Jeremiah for a total of **42** (2x3x7)

"A jealous God" occurs 7 times in the Bible

[066]

[&]quot;The ends of the earth" 14 times in the Old Testament

[&]quot;Behold, the days come" **21** times

[&]quot;Thus saith the Lord God (or Lord)" **126** times (2x3²x7)

The occurrences of the names of the Apostles follows the same rules:

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Peter 245 (7<sup>2</sup>x5)

Simon (used of Peter) 50 (5<sup>2</sup>x2)

James (the great) 21 (3x7)

James (the less) 21 (3x7)

John 49 (7<sup>2</sup>)

Simon Zelotes 4 (2<sup>2</sup>)

Matthew 8 (2<sup>3</sup>)

Philip 16 (4<sup>2</sup>)

Paul 160 (2<sup>5</sup>x5)

Saul (Apostle) 25 (5<sup>2</sup>)
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[067]

Numbers can also be used to establish authorship of various books of the Bible. Bullinger lists 3 pages of words and phrases establishing the book of Hebrews as having been written by Paul. Here is a short list of the number of occurrences:

	Paul's Epis.	Hebrews	Total
agaphtos{αγαπητος}, beloved	27	1	$28(2^2x7)$
aggelos{αγγελος}, angel	14	13	$27(3^3)$

[068]

aggelous{αγγελοις}, angels	5	2	7
epaggellein , to announce	5	4	$9(3^2)$
apeiqeia{απιστια} , unbelief	5	2	7
agein, to do	7	1	$8(2^2)$
axios{αξιος}, worthy	8	1	$9(3^2)$
agiasmos{αγιασμος}, santification	8	1	$9(3^2)$
epaiscunesqai, to be ashamed	5	2	7
parateisqai, to shun	4	3	7

[069]

aiwnios{αιωνιος}, eternal	21	6	27 (33)
akouein, to hear	34	8	42 (2x3x7)
allos $\{\alpha\lambda\lambda\circ\varsigma\}$, another	31	2	33 (3x11)
arneisqai , to deny	6	1	7
artos{αρτος}, bread	10	1	11
diabolos $\{\deltaιαβολος\}$, the devil	8	1	$9(3^2)$
basileus{βασιλευς}, king	4	8	12

[070]

The same rules apply to Peter's writings:

	1 Pet.	2 Pet.	Total
agios{αγιος}, holy	8	6	14 (2x7)
amartia{αμαρτια}, sin	6	1	7
apo{απο}, from	5	2	7
pistis{πιστις}, faith	5	2	7
ina $\{\iota v\alpha\}$, that	13	1	14 (2x7)
doxa $\{δοξα\}$, glory	11	5	$16(2^4)$
eidw $\{vιδω\}$, to see	5	3	$8(2^3)$

[071]

escatos{εσχατος}, last	2	2	$4(2^2)$
$ecw{\epsilon\chi\omega}$, to have	4	5	$9(3^2)$
kalew{καλεω}, to call	6	1	7
kurios{κυριος}, Lord	8	13	21 (3x7)

[072]

Gematria totals {numerical values of words}:

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Jesus (Greek){ (ησους } 888 (2^3x3x37)
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* Note the 3 - 8's as opposed to the 3 - 6's of the Anti - Christ

Christ (Greek){χριστος} **1680** (2⁴x3x5x7)

Spirit (Greek) $\{\pi v \epsilon v \mu \alpha\}$ 576 (2⁶ x3²) or (8x8x9)

God (Greek) $\{\theta \epsilon \circ \varsigma\}$ **284** $(2^2 \times 71)$

Son (Greek) $\{v \log\}$ **680** (2³x5x17)

Angel (Greek) { $\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\circ\varsigma$ } **132** (2^2 x3x11)

Sodom (Greek) **999** (3³ x37) [9--number for rebellion against God}

[073]

$387 (3^2 x43)$
444 (2 ² x3x37)
$1500 (2^2 \times 3 \times 5^3)$
1105 (5x13x17)
258 (2x3x43)
11
$848 (2^4 x 53)$
$1300 (2^2 x5^2 x13)$
6 (2x3)
$800 (2^5 \text{x} 5^2)$

[074]

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"Verily, verily, I say unto you," (Greek) 888
"The Lord God made" (Greek) 888
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Eight miracles Elijah are recorded in Scripture Elisha asked for a double portion of Elijah's spirit --**Sixteen** miracles are recorded for Elisha.

The Song of Moses and of the Lamb (Greek) (Rev. 15:1-5) totals 9261 (3³x7³)

The number **666** is also the sum of all numbers which make up the square of **6** (36)! I.E. 1+2+3+4+5...+36=666

[075]

These numbers can also be arranged in a square such that the sum of the six figures in any direction totals 111. 111 is 3x37. 37 is the 12th prime number.

6	32	3	34	35	1
17	11	27	28	8	30
19	14	16	15	23	24
18	20	22	21	17	13
25	29	10	9	26	12
36	5	33	4	2	31

[076]

666 is also the sum of the Roman Numerals:

D=500 C=100 L=50 X=10 V=5 I=1

The first pair total **600**, the second pair totals **60**, and the third pair totals **6**.

*Note the use of M for **1000** according to Bullinger may have actually been two D's put together!

[077]

The use of the number $\underline{\mathbf{1}}$ is also important for $\underline{\text{first}}$ occurrences:

The first use of "Hallelujah" in the Old Testament is in Ps. 94:35: "Let the sinners be consumed out of the earth, And let the wicked be no more. Bless thou the Lord, O my soul, Hallelujah."

The first use of "Hallelujah" in the New Testament is in Rev.

19:1-3 "I heard a great voice of much people in heaven, saying Alleluia; salvation, and glory, and honour, and power unto the Lord our God; for true and righteous are His judgments; for He hath judged the great whore, which did corrupt the earth with her fornication, and hath avenged the blood of His servants at her hand, and again they said Alleluia."

Notice that in **both** cases this word of praise is associated with **judgment** of the ungodly.

[078]

The first occurrence of the word HOLY, is in Exodus 3:5 -- Not in the book of Genesis which is the book of beginnings, but in the Exodus which is the book of redemption! As Bullinger says: "The **creature** cannot understand anything about **holiness** except on the ground of **redemption**."

The first question in the Bible is from God: "Where art thou?" Gen. 3:9

The first question in the New Testament is: "Where is He that is born?" Matt. 2:2

[079]

More interesting facts from: <u>The Signature of God</u>, by Grant Jeffrey P. 231 -- These facts discovered by Ivan Panin a famous Russian mathematician.

The number of Hebrew words in the first verse of Genesis is 7.

{בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ:}

The number of Hebrew letters in the first verse is $28 \{4x7\}$.

The first **three** Hebrew words {בראשית ברא אלהים} translated "In the beginning God created" contain **14** {2x7} letters

[080]

The last four Hebrew words את השלמים ואת הארץ $\}$ contain 14 $\{2x7\}$ letters.

The three key words: $God\{$ אלהים}; Heaven $\{השמים\}$ and $earth\{$ הארץ $\}$ have 14 $\{2x7\}$ letters in Hebrew.

The numeric value of the first, middle and last letters is **133** {19x7} The numeric value of the first and last letters of all seven words is **1393** {199x7}

[081]

The shortest word in the verse is the middle word which is only two letters {translated as 'the'} {\mathbb{n}} the **first** and **last** letters of the Hebrew alphabet {like **Alpha** and **Omega** of the Greek alphabet}.

The first section of Matthew's gospel Matt. 1:1-17 dealing with the genealogy of Jesus:

There are 72 {8x9} vocabulary words whose total value is 43,364 {6,052x7}

The number of Greek nouns in the passage is $56 \{8x7\}$

The Greek article for "the" occurs **56** {8x7} times

The first eleven verses contain $49 \{7x7\}$ words

Of these 49 words, 28 $\{4x7\}$ begin with a vowel and 21 $\{3x7\}$ begin with a consonant.

[082]

The number of letters in these 49 words is $266 \{38x7\}$

Of these 49 words 35 $\{5x7\}$ occur more than once

Of these **49** words **14** {2x7} occur only once

The number of proper names is $35 \{5x7\}$

The number of times these proper names appears is $63 \{9x7\}$

Of the 35 names, the number of male names is $28 \{4x7\}$

The number of female names is 7.

Three women, Tamar{המר}, Rahab{רחב} and Ruth{רות}, are named in this section.

The number of Hebrew letters in these three names is **3**.

[083]

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In the second passage of Matthew {Mat. 1:18-25}
The number of words in this passage is 161 {23x7}
The number of vocabulary words is 77 {11x7}
Six Greek words occur only in this passage and never again in Matthew. These six words contain exactly 56 letters {8x7}
The number of proper names in the passage is 7.
The number of Greek letters in these seven proper names is 42 {6x7}
The number of words spoken by the angel to Joseph is 28 {4x7}
The number of Greek forms of words in the angel's speech is 35 {5x7}
The number of letters in the angel's words is 168 {24x7}
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[084]

Although I had researched numbers in Scripture long before I heard about Bro. Bullinger, much of the material in this paper is taken directly from his work which is far more extensive than I have had time to investigate. Space and time prohibit my continuing this study further. The lists go on and on and on. No human, even with the most sophisticated computers could have so eloquently stamped the numerical signature of God throughout the entire Bible. The point of all this is simple: The Creator of the universe is one and the same as the Author of Scripture. The more carefully and exactly we study God's word, the more absolute proof we have that only He could have put it all together. Hopefully, these facts will present you with a new sense of respect for Jesus' words: "Not a jot or tittle (literally, not the smallest letter or stroke of a pen) will pass away until all is fulfilled."

[085]

[B-3] Interesting Number Facts In Nature

[Most of the following come from E.W. Bullinger's (1837-1913) book: <u>Number in Scripture</u>]

It should not surprise us that the same numbers which appear throughout the Bible also appear throughout nature! {God is the Author of the Bible and the laws of science.} In engineering and physics we learn that the most stable of all formations is a triangle which has 3 sides. In mathematics there are **four** primary <u>rectilinear</u> forms:

[086]

In a <u>plane</u>

The triangle with 3 sides
The square has 4 sides 4+3=7

In the solid

The pyramid has 5 sides
The cube has 6 sides 5+6=11

[087]

In animals the period of gestation (time from conception to birth)

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21 (3 \times 7) days
The mouse is
The hare and rat,
                            28 (4 \times 7) days
                             56 (8 \times 7) \text{ days}
The cat,
                             63 (9 \times 7) days
The dog,
                             98 (14 x 7) days
The lion,
The sheep,
                           147 (21 \times 7) days
The common hen,
                            21 (3 \times 7) days
                             42 (6 \times 7) days
The duck,
The parrot and ostrich,
                            42 (6 \times 7) days
The canary,
                             21 (3 \times 7) days
                            35 (5 \times 7) \text{ days}
The mallard,
                           280 (40 \times 7) days
For man,
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[088]

There are seven colors in the rainbow (red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet). {There are 3 primary colors and 4 secondary colors}

There are seven levels of classification for the plant and animal kingdoms: kingdom, sub-kingdom, class, order, family, genus, species.

There are three primary phases of matter: solid, liquid, gas

There are three primary parts of an atom: electrons, protons, and neutrons.

The musical scale consisting of notes distinguishable by the human ear all consist of numbers of vibration which are multiples of 11 {middle C = 264 hz --> 24x11, D = 297 hz --> 27x11, etc.}

[089]

The atomic numbers of every <u>important</u> element is a multiple of 4 or 7 {gold is 196 $(4x7^2)$, iron is 56 $(7x2^3)$, silver is 108 (2^2x3^3) , copper is $(7x3^2)$, carbon is 12 (3x4), mercury is 200 $(4x2x5^2)$, Uranium is 236 (4x59), etc.}

The same laws of numbers apply to plants as well. The number of leaves on various plants before one leaf is exactly lined up with one below it is always the same:

In the apple it is always the fifth leaf

In the oak it is always the fourth leaf

In the peach it is the sixth

In the holly it is the eighth; but it takes two turns of the spiral before the leaf stands immediately over the first

[090]

In the bee multiples of **3** are seen:
In three days the queen is hatched
It is fed for 9 (3²) days
It reaches maturity in 15 (3x5) days
The worker grub reaches maturity in 21 (3x7) days
And it is at work **3** days after leaving its cell.
The drone matures in 24 (8x3) days
The bee is composed of **3** sections

[091]

The two eyes are composed of about 3000 small eyes, each (like the cells of the comb) having six sides.

Underneath the body are 6 wax scales with which the comb is made. It has 6 legs, each composed of 3 sections

The foot is formed of **three** triangular sections

The antennae consist of 9 sections

The stinger has 9 barbs on each side

[092]

Each watermelon has an even number of strips on the rind.

Each orange has an even number of segments.

Each ear of corn has an even number of rows.

Each stalk of wheat has an even number of grains.

Every bunch of bananas has on its lowest row an even number of bananas, and each row decreases by one, so that one row has an even number and the next row an odd number.

[093]

The waves of the sea roll in on shore twenty-six to the minute in all kinds of weather.

All grains are found in even numbers on the stalks

The Lord specified thirty fold, sixty fold, and a hundredfold - all even numbers.

Mat. 13:23

[094]

[D-8] Genesis 1:1

Note Hebrew	is read fro	om <u>right to le</u>	eft. <u>Ge</u>	nesis 1:1			
7 [296]	6 [407]	5 [395]	4 [401]	3 [86]	2 [203]	1 [913]	
:הארץ	ואת	השמים	את	אלהים	ברא	בראשית	
earth	and the	the heavens	the	God	created	in beginning	
h-aretz	wa-eth	h-shamayeen	n eth	eloheem	bara	b-resheeth	
(7+5+3-> <mark>777</mark>	[3x7x37])	: (6+5+3-> <mark>88</mark>	<mark>88</mark> [3x8x	(37]):(1+3->	> <mark>999</mark> [3x	9x37] : (5+4+2-> <mark>999</mark>)	{Same
sequences occur in Isaiah 66:7-8 }[See LivingGreekNt.org and Use of Numbers in							
Scripture.							

[095]

b-resheth – literally "in beginning <u>NOT</u> "in <u>the</u> beginning" – with God there is no beginning!

The "eem" on the end of <u>God</u> and <u>heavens</u> means plural {three or more}. The word for God is plural, but takes singular modifiers! The word "bara" for <u>create</u> is used <u>only</u> of God – man cannot create anything!

[096]