	orinthians
<ul> <li>(49) 1 C</li> <li>Chapter 1 <ol> <li>Paul, called to be an apostle of Jesus Christ through the will of God, and Sosthenes our brother,</li> <li>To the church of God which is at Corinth, to those who are sanctified {made holy}<sup>a</sup> in Christ Jesus, called to be saints {holy ones},<sup>b</sup> with all who in every place call upon the Name of Jesus Christ our Lord, both theirs and ours:</li> <li>Grace be to you, and peace,<sup>c</sup> from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.</li> <li>I thank my God always on your behalf, for the grace of God which is given to you by Jesus Christ;</li> <li>That in everything you are enriched by Him, in all speech, and <i>in</i> all knowledge;</li> <li>Even as the testimony of Christ was confirmed in you:</li> <li>So that you are lacking in no gift; waiting for the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ:</li> <li>Who shall also confirm you to the end, that you may be blameless in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ.</li> <li>God <i>is</i> faithful, by Whom you were called to the fellowship of His Son Jesus Christ our Lord.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(10) Now I urge you, brothers, by the Name of our Lord Jesus Christ, that you all be in agreement, and <i>that</i> there be no divisions among you; but <i>that</i> you be perfectly joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment.</li> <li>(11) Because it has been declared to me of you, my brothers, by those <i>who are of the house</i> of Chloe, that there are contentions among you.</li> <li>(12) Now this I say, that everyone of you says, I am of Paul; and I <i>am</i> of Apollos; and I <i>am</i> of Cephas; and I <i>am</i> of Christ.</li> <li>(13) Is Christ divided? was Paul crucified for you? or were you baptized in the name of Paul?</li> <li>(14) I thank God that I baptized none of you, except Crispus and Gaius;</li> <li>(15) Lest any should say that I had baptized in my own name.</li> <li>(16) And I baptized also the household of Stephanas: besides <i>these</i>, I do not know whether I baptized any other.</li> <li>(17) Because Christ did not send me to baptize, but to preach the gospel: not with wisdom of words, lest the cross of Christ should be made of no effect.</li> <li>(18) Because the preaching of the cross is foolishness to those who perish; but to us who are saved it is the power of God.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>1:2a - sanctified - made pure, clean, without sin {because of Jesus' sacrifice}</li> <li>1:2b - saints - holy ones {holy because of Jesus}</li> <li>1:3c - Grace and Peace - grace always precedes peace - Rom. 1:7; II Cor. 1:2; Gal. 1:3; Eph. 1:2; Phil. 1:2; Col. 1:2; I Thes. 1:1; II Thes. 1:2; I Tim. 1:2; II Tim. 1:2; Tit. 1:4; Philemon 1:3; I Pet. 1:2; II Pet. 1:2; II Jn. 1:3 - grace means receiving something as a free gift that is totally undeserved</li> <li>1:8d - "the day of our Lord Jesus Christ" - i.e. the Rapture Note: whenever Jesus' Name or "Christ" is used in reference to the coming of the Lord, it is always a day of joy for believers. Whenever Jesus' Name or "Christ" is an erference to the Second Coming at Armageddon or the final judgment, a day of darkness and judgment on ungodly men. [Such as "the day of the Lord" or "the day of God"] - Rev. 19:11-21; Rev. 20:7-15</li> </ul>	

46.001/22 I Corinthians Chapter 1 KJP (Page 1483)

### {46} I Corinthians

# (19) Because it is written, I will destroy the wisdom of the wise, and will bring to nothing the understanding of the prudent {wise},°

(20) Where *are* the wise? where *is* the scribe? where *is* the disputer of this world? has not God made foolish the wisdom of this world?

(21) Because in the wisdom of God the world by wisdom did not know God, it pleased God by the foolishness of preaching to save those who believe.

(22) Because the Jews require a sign, and the Greeks seek after wisdom:

(23) But we preach Christ crucified, to the Jews a stumbling block, and to the Greeks foolishness;

(24) But to those who are called, both Jews and Greeks, Christ *is* the power of God, and the wisdom of God.

(25) Because the foolishness of God is wiser than men; and the weakness of God is stronger than men.

(26) Because you see your calling, brothers, how that not many wise men after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble, *are called:* 

(27) But God has chosen the foolish things of the world to confound the wise; and God has chosen the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty;

(28) And base things of the world, and things which are despised, God has chosen, *yes*, and things which are not, to bring to nothing things that are:

(29) That no flesh should glory in His presence.

(30) But of Him you are in Christ Jesus, Who of God is made to us wisdom, and righteousness, and sanctification, and redemption:

(31) That, accordingly as it is written, Let him who boasts, let him boast

## in the Lord.<sup>f</sup>

#### Chapter 2

(1) And I, brothers, when I came to you, did not come with eloquence of speech or of wisdom, declaring to you the testimony of God.

(2) Because I determined not to know anything among you, except Jesus Christ, and Him crucified.

(3) And I was with you in weakness, and in fear, and in much trembling.

(4) And my speech and my preaching *was* not with enticing words of man's wisdom, but in demonstration of the Spirit and of power:

(5) That your faith should not stand in the wisdom of men, but in the power of God.

(6) However we speak wisdom among those who are perfect {mature}: yet not the wisdom of this world, nor of the princes of this world, that come to nothing:

(7) But we speak the wisdom of God in a mystery, *even* the hidden *wisdom*, which God ordained before the world to our glory:
(8) Which none of the princes of this world knew: because had they known *it*, they would not have crucified the Lord of glory.
(9) But as it is written.

Eye has not seen, nor ear heard, neither has it entered into the heart of man, the things which God has prepared for those who love Him.<sup>a</sup>

1:19e - Is. 29:14 1:31f - Jer. 9:23-24 2:9a - Is. 64:4

46.002/22 I Corinthians Chapter 1-2 KJP (Page 1484)

	orinthians	
(10) But God has revealed <i>them</i> to us by	(4) Because while one says, I am of Paul;	
His Spirit: because the Spirit searches all	and another, I am of Apollos; are you not	
things, yes, the deep things of God.	carnal {worldly}?	
(11) Because what man knows the things of	(5) Who then is Paul, and who <i>is</i> Apollos,	
a man, except the spirit of man which is in	but ministers by whom you believed, even as	
him? even so the things of God no man	the Lord gave to every man?	
knows, except the Spirit of God.	(6) I have planted, Apollos watered; but God	
(12) Now we have received, not the spirit of	gave the increase.	
the world, but the Spirit which is of God;	(7) So then neither is he who plants	
that we might know the things that are	anything, nor he who waters; but God Who	
freely given to us by God.	gives the increase.	
(13) Which things also we speak, not in the	(8) Now he who plants and he who waters	
words which man's wisdom teaches, but	are one: and every man shall receive his own	
which the Holy Spirit teaches; comparing	reward according to his own labor.	
spiritual things with spiritual.	(9) Because we are laborers together with	
(14) But the natural man does not receive	God: you are God's garden, you are God's	
the things of the Spirit of God: because they	building.	
are foolishness to him: neither can he know	(10) According to the grace of God which is	
<i>them</i> , because they are spiritually	given to me, as a wise master builder, I have	
discerned.	laid the foundation, and another builds	
(15) But he who is spiritual judges all	upon it. But let every man take heed how he	
things, yet he himself is judged by no man.	builds upon it.	
(16) Because who has known the mind of	(11) Because no other foundation can man	
the Lord, that he may instruct Him? But we	lay than that which is laid, which is Jesus	
have the mind of Christ.	Christ.	
have the limit of childe.	(12) Now if any man builds upon this	
Chapter 3	foundation gold, silver, precious stones,	
(1) And I, brothers, could not speak to you	wood, hay, stubble;	
as to spiritual, but as to carnal {worldly},	(13) Every man's work shall be revealed:	
<i>even</i> as to babes in Christ.	because the day shall declare it, because it	
(2) I have fed you with milk, and not with	shall be revealed by fire; and the fire shall	
meat: because up to now you were not able	try every man's work of what sort it is.	
	5 5	
to bear it, neither are you now yet able {to	(14) If any man's work stands which he has	
bear it}.	built upon it, he shall receive a reward.	
(3) Because you are still carnal {worldly}:	(15) If any man's work shall be burned, he	
because whereas there is among you	shall suffer loss: but he himself shall be	
envying, and strife, and divisions, are you	saved; yet so as by fire.	
not carnal {worldly}, and walk as men?		
2:9a - Is. 64:4		

46.003/22 I Corinthians Chapter 2-3 KJP (Page 1485)

## {46} I Corinthians

<ul> <li>(16) Do you not know that you are the temple of God, and <i>that</i> the Spirit of God lives in you?</li> <li>(17) If any man defiles the temple of God, God shall destroy him; because the temple of God is holy, Whose <i>temple</i> you are.</li> <li>(18) Let no man deceive himself. If any man among you seems to be wise in this world, let him become a fool, that he may be wise.</li> <li>(19) Because the wisdom of this world is foolishness with God. Because it is written, He takes the wise in their own craftiness.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(20) And again, The Lord knows the thoughts of the wise, that they are vain.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(21) Therefore let no man boast in men. Because all things are yours;</li> <li>(22) Whether Paul, or Apollos, or Cephas, or the world, or life, or death, or things present, or things to come; all are yours;</li> <li>(23) And you are Christ's; and Christ <i>is</i> God's.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(5) Therefore judge nothing before the time, until the Lord comes, Who both will bring to light the hidden things of darkness, and will reveal the counsels of the hearts: and then every man shall have praise from God.</li> <li>(6) And these things, brothers, I have in a figure transferred to myself and to Apollos for your sakes; that you might learn in us not to think of men above that which is written, that no one of you be puffed up against one another.</li> <li>(7) Because who causes you to differ from another? and what do you have that you did not receive? now if you received it, why do you take pride in it, as if you had not received it?</li> <li>(8) Now you are full, now you are rich, you have reigned as kings without us: and I wish to God you did reign, that we also might reign with you.</li> <li>(9) Because I think that God has set forth us the apostles last, as it were appointed to death: because we are made a spectacle to the world, and to angels, and to men.</li> <li>(10) We are fools for Christ's sake, but you are wise in Christ; we are weak, but you are</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>ministers of Christ, and stewards of the mysteries of God.</li> <li>(2) Furthermore it is required in stewards, that a man be found faithful.</li> <li>(3) But with me it is a very small thing that I should be judged by you, or by man's judgment: yes, I do not judge myself.</li> <li>(4) Because I know nothing by myself; yet I am not justified because of it: but He Who judges me is the Lord.</li> </ul>	strong; you <i>are</i> honorable, but we <i>are</i> despised. (11) Even to this present hour we both hunger, and thirst, and are naked, and are beaten, and have no certain place to live; (12) And labor, working with our own hands: being reviled {mocked; made fun of}, we bless; being persecuted, we suffer it: (13) Being slandered, we ask that they be forgiven: we are made as the filth of the world, <i>and are</i> the scum of all things to this day.
3:19a - 30b 5:13 3:20b - Ps. 94:11	

46.004/22 I Corinthians Chapter 3-4 KJP (Page 1486)

46.005/22 I Corinthians Chapter 4-5 KJP (Page 1487)

	Corinthians
<ul> <li>(12) Because what have I to do to judge those also who are outside? Do you not judge those who are inside?</li> <li>(13) But those who are outside God judges. Therefore put away from among yourselves that wicked person.</li> <li><b>Chapter 6</b> <ul> <li>(1) Dare any of you, having a matter against another, go to law before the unjust, and not before the saints?</li> <li>(2) Do you not know that the saints shall judge the world? and if the world shall be judged by you, are you unworthy to judge the smallest matters?</li> <li>(3) Do you not know that we shall judge angels? how much more things that pertain to this life?</li> <li>(4) If then you have judgments of things pertaining to this life, set those to judge who are least esteemed in the church.</li> <li>(5) I speak to your shame. Is it so, that there is not a wise man among you? no, not one who shall be able to judge between his brothers?</li> <li>(6) But brother goes to law with brother, and that before the unbelievers.</li> <li>(7) Now therefore there is completely a fault among you, because you go to law one with another. Why do you not rather <i>allow yourselves to</i> be defrauded?</li> <li>(8) No, you do wrong, and defraud, and that to <i>your</i> brothers.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) Do you not know that the unrighteous shall not inherit the kingdom of God? Do not be deceived: neither fornicators {people who have sex outside of marriage}, nor idolaters, nor adulterers {people who have sex with someone other than their spouse}, nor effeminate {homosexuals; those who have sex with the same gender}, nor those who abuse themselves {their bodies} with mankind,</li> <li>(10) Nor thieves, nor covetous {greedy}, nor drunkards, nor revilers {slanderers}, nor extortionists, shall inherit the kingdom of God.</li> <li>(11) And such were some of you: but you are washed, but you are sanctified {made holy}, but you are justified in the Name of the Lord Jesus, and by the Spirit of our God.</li> <li>(12) All things are lawful to me, but all things are not expedient {beneficial}: all things are lawful for me, but I will not be brought under the power of any.</li> <li>(13) Meats for the belly, and the belly for meats: but God shall destroy both it and them. Now the body <i>is</i> not for fornication {sex outside of marriage}, but for the Lord; and the Lord for the body.</li> <li>(14) And God has both raised up the Lord, and will also raise up us by His own power.</li> <li>(15) Do you not know that your bodies are the members of Christ? shall I then take the members of a prostitute? God forbid.</li> </ul>

46.006/22 I Corinthians Chapter 5-6 KJP (Page 1488)

{46} I Corinthians		
(16) What? Do you not know that he who is	(6) But I speak this by permission, and not	
joined to a prostitute is one body {with	of commandment.	
her}? Because He says,	(7) Because I would <i>desire</i> that all men were	
the two, shall become one flesh. <sup>a</sup>	even as I myself. But every man has his	
(17) But he who is joined to the Lord is one	proper gift of God, one after this manner,	
spirit.	and another after that.	
(18) Flee fornication {sex outside of	(8) I say therefore to the unmarried and	
marriage}. Every sin that a man does is	widows, It is good for them if they stay even	
outside the body; but he who commits	as I.	
fornication sins against his own body.	(9) But if they cannot contain themselves,	
(19) What? Do you not know that your body	let them marry: because it is better to marry	
is the temple of the Holy Spirit Who is in	than to burn.	
you, Whom you have from God, and you are	(10) And to the married I command, yet not	
not your own?	I, but the Lord, Do not let the wife depart	
(20) Because you are bought with a price:	from <i>her</i> husband:	
therefore glorify God in your body, and in	(11) But and if she departs, let her remain	
your spirit, which are God's.	unmarried, or be reconciled to <i>her</i> husband:	
	and do not let the husband divorce <i>his</i> wife.	
Chapter 7	(12) But to the rest I speak, not the Lord: If	
(1) Now concerning the things of which you	any brother has a wife who does not believe,	
wrote to me: It is good for a man not to	and she is willing to live with him, let him	
touch a woman.	not divorce her.	
(2) Nevertheless, to avoid fornication {sex	(13) And the woman who has a husband	
outside of marriage}, let every man have his	who does not believe, and if he is willing to	
own wife, and let every woman have her	live with her, let her not leave him.	
own husband.	(14) Because the unbelieving husband is	
(3) Let the husband render to the wife due	sanctified {made holy} by the wife, and the	
benevolence: and likewise also the wife to	unbelieving wife is sanctified {made holy}	
the husband.	by the husband: else your children would be	
(4) The wife does not have power over her	unclean; but now are they holy.	
own body, but the husband: and likewise	(15) But if the unbelieving departs, let him	
also the husband does not have power over	depart. A brother or a sister is not under	
his own body, but the wife.	bondage <sup>a</sup> in such <i>cases:</i> but God has called	
(5) Do not deprive one another {sexually},	us to peace.	
except by mutual consent for a time, that	(16) Because how do you know, O wife,	
you may give yourselves to fasting and	whether you shall save your husband? or	
prayer; and come together again, that Satan	how do you know, O man, whether you shall	
not tempt you because of your lack of self-	save your wife?	
control.		
6:16a - Gen. 2:24	leave the balliness the balliness is free to	
7:15a - not under bondage - i.e. if the unbeliever	leaves the believer, the believer is free to	
remarry		

46.007/22 I Corinthians Chapter 6-7 KJP (Page 1489)

<ul> <li>{46} I O</li> <li>(17) But as God has distributed to every man, as the Lord has called everyone, so let him walk. And so I ordain in all churches.</li> <li>(18) Is any man called while being circumcised? let him not become uncircumcision? let him not be circumcised.</li> <li>(19) Circumcision is nothing, and uncircumcision is nothing, but the keeping of the commandments of God.</li> <li>(20) Let every man live in the same calling in which he was called.</li> <li>(21) Are you called while <i>being</i> a servant? do not worry about it: but if you may be made free, do so.</li> <li>(22) Because he who is called in the Lord, <i>being</i> a servant, is the Lord's freeman: likewise also he who is called, <i>being</i> free, is Christ's servant.</li> <li>(23) You are bought with a price; do not be the servants of men.</li> <li>(24) Brothers, let every man, in which he is called, live in that manner with God.</li> <li>(25) Now concerning virgins I have no commandment of the Lord: yet I give my judgment, as one who has obtained mercy of the Lord to be faithful.</li> <li>(26) I suppose therefore that this is good for the present distress, <i>I say</i>, that <i>it is</i> good for a man to be so.</li> <li>(27) Are you bound to a wife? Do not seek to be loosed. Are you loosed from a wife? Do not seek a wife.</li> <li>(28) But and if you marry, you have not sinned; and if a virgin marries, she has not sinned. Nevertheless such shall have trouble in the flesh: but I would spare you.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Corinthians</li> <li>(29) But this I say, brothers, the time <i>is</i> short: it remains, that both those who have wives be as though they had none;</li> <li>(30) And those who weep, as though they did not weep; and those who rejoice, as though they did not rejoice; and those who buy, as though they did not possess;</li> <li>(31) And those who use this world, as not abusing <i>it</i>: because the form of this world passes away.</li> <li>(32) But I would have you not be full of cares. He who is unmarried cares for the things that belong to the Lord, how he may please the Lord:</li> <li>(33) But he who is married cares for the things that are of the world, how he may please <i>his</i> wife.</li> <li>(34) There is difference <i>also</i> between a wife and a virgin. The unmarried woman cares for the things of the Lord, that she may be holy both in body and in spirit: but she who is married cares for the things of the Lord, that she may be holy both is becoming, and that you may attend upon the Lord without distraction.</li> <li>(36) But if any man thinks that he behaves himself unbecoming toward his virgin, if she is past the flower of <i>her</i> age, and needs so require, let him do what he will, he does not sin: let them marry.</li> <li>(37) Nevertheless he who stands steadfast in his heart, having no necessity, but has power over his own will, and has so decreed in his heart that he will keep his virgin, does well.</li> </ul>

46.008/22 I Corinthians Chapter 7 KJP (Page 1490)

<ul> <li>{46} I Co</li> <li>(38) So then he who gives <i>her</i> in marriage does well; but he who does not give <i>her</i> in marriage does better.</li> <li>(39) The wife is bound by the law as long as her husband lives; but if her husband dies, she is at liberty to be married to whom she wills; only in the Lord.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(40) But she is happier if she so lives, after my judgment: and I think also that I have the Spirit of God.</li> <li><b>Chapter 8</b> <ul> <li>(1) Now as concerning things offered to idols, we know that we all have knowledge. Knowledge puffs up, but charity edifies {builds up}.</li> <li>(2) And if any man thinks that he knows anything, he knows nothing yet as he ought to know.</li> <li>(3) But if any man loves God, the same is known by Him.</li> <li>(4) As concerning therefore the eating of those things that are offered in sacrifice to idols, we know that an idol <i>is</i> nothing in the world, and that <i>there is</i> no other God but one.</li> <li>(5) Because though there are those that are called gods, whether in heaven or in earth, (as there are many gods, and many lords,)</li> <li>(6) But to us <i>there is but</i> one God, the Father, of Whom <i>are</i> all things, and we in Him; and one Lord Jesus Christ, by Whom all things <i>are</i>. and we by Him.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(8) But meat does not commend us to God: because neither, if we eat, are we the better; nor, if we do not eat, are we the worse.</li> <li>(9) But take heed lest by any means this liberty of yours becomes a stumbling block to those who are weak.</li> <li>(10) Because if any man sees you who has knowledge sit at meat in the idol's temple, shall not his conscience which is weak be emboldened to eat those things which are offered to idols;</li> <li>(11) And through your knowledge shall the weak brother perish, for whom Christ died?</li> <li>(12) But when you sin so against the brothers, and wound their weak conscience, you sin against Christ.</li> <li>(13) Therefore, if meat causes my brother to be offended. I will eat no meat while the world stands, lest I cause my brother to be offended.</li> <li>Chapter 9</li> <li>(1) Am I not an apostle? am I not free? have I not seen Jesus Christ our Lord? are you not my work in the Lord?</li> <li>(2) If I am not an apostle to others, yet doubtless I am to you: because you are the seal of my apostleship in the Lord.</li> <li>(3) My answer to those who examine me is this,</li> <li>(4) Do we not have power to eat and to drink?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(4) As concerning therefore the eating of those things that are offered in sacrifice to idols, we know that an idol <i>is</i> nothing in the world, and that <i>there is</i> no other God but one.</li> <li>(5) Because though there are those that are called gods, whether in heaven or in earth, (as there are many gods, and many lords,)</li> <li>(6) But to us <i>there is but</i> one God, the Father, of Whom <i>are</i> all things, and we in</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>(1) Am I not an apostle? am I not free? have I not seen Jesus Christ our Lord? are you not my work in the Lord?</li> <li>(2) If I am not an apostle to others, yet doubtless I am to you: because you are the seal of my apostleship in the Lord.</li> <li>(3) My answer to those who examine me is this,</li> <li>(4) Do we not have power to eat and to</li> </ol>	
all things <i>are</i> , and we by Him. (7) However not every man has that knowledge: because some with conscience of the idol to this hour eat <i>it</i> as a thing offered to an idol; and their conscience being weak is defiled.	<ul> <li>(5) Do we not have power to lead about a sister, a wife, as well as other apostles, and <i>as</i> the brothers of the Lord, and Cephas?</li> <li>(6) Or I only and Barnabas, do we not have power to forbear working?</li> </ul>	
7:39b - marry <u>in the Lord</u> - i.e. a believer must never marry an unbeliever. The previous verses about believers married to unbelievers has to do with those who become believers but are still married to unbelievers. A believer must always be sure the person he or she is planning to marry is a believer. See II Cor. 6:14-15; Lev. 34:16; Ezr. 9:2,12; Neh. 13:25; Mal. 2:11		

46.009/22 I Corinthians Chapter 7-9 KJP (Page 1491)

{46} I Corinthians		
<ul> <li>(7) Who goes to war at any time at his own charges? who plants a vineyard, and does not eat of its fruit? or who feeds a flock, and does not drink of the milk of the flock?</li> <li>(8) Do I say these things as a man? or does the law not also say the same?</li> <li>(9) Because it is written in the law of Moses, You shall not muzzle the mouth of the ox that treads out the corn.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>Does God take care for oxen?</li> <li>(10) Or does He say <i>it</i> altogether for our sakes? For our sakes, no doubt, <i>this</i> is written: that he who plows should plow in hope; and that he who threshes in hope should be partaker of his hope.</li> <li>(11) If we have sown to you spiritual things, <i>is it</i> a great thing if we shall reap your carnal {worldly} things?</li> <li>(12) If others are partakers of <i>this</i> power over you, do we not have the same right? Nevertheless we have not used this power; but suffer all things, lest we should hinder the gospel of Christ.</li> <li>(13) Do you not know that those who minister about holy things live <i>off the things</i> of the temple? and those who wait at the altar are partakers with the altar?<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(14) Even so has the Lord ordained that those who preach the gospel should live of the gospel.</li> <li>(15) But I have used none of these things: neither have I written these things, that it should be so done to me: because <i>it would be</i> better for me to die, than that any man should make my boasting void.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(16) Because though I preach the gospel, I have nothing to boast about: because necessity is laid upon me; yes, woe is me, if I do not preach the gospel!</li> <li>(17) Because if I do this thing willingly, I have a reward: but if against my will, a stewardship of the gospel is committed to me.</li> <li>(18) What is my reward then? Truly that, when I preach the gospel, I may make the gospel of Christ without charge, that I do not abuse my power in the gospel.</li> <li>(19) Because though I am free from all men, yet I have made myself servant to all, that I might gain the more.</li> <li>(20) And to the Jews I became as a Jew, that I might gain the Jews; to those who are under the law, as under the law;</li> <li>(21) To those who are without law to God, but under the law to Christ,) that I might gain these who are without law.</li> <li>(22) To the weak I became as weak, that I might gain the weak: I am made all things to all men, that I might by all means save some.</li> <li>(23) And this I do for the gospel's sake, that I might be partaker with you.</li> <li>(24) Do you not know that those who run in a race all run, but one receives the prize? So run, that you may obtain.</li> <li>(25) And every man who strives for the mastery is temperate in all things. Now they do <i>it</i> to obtain a corruptible {crown}.</li> </ul>	
9:13b - Num. 18:24-31 - at the Lord's command the Levites were to be provided for by the tithes and offerings brought to them		
	n of ristom	

9:25c – crown – stephanon {στεφανον} - crown of victory

46.010/22 I Corinthians Chapter 9 KJP (Page 1492)

{46} I Corinthians	
(26) I therefore so run, not as uncertainly;	(10) Nor murmur, as some of them also
so I fight, not as one who beats the air:	murmured, and were destroyed by the
(27) But I keep control over my body, and	destroyer. <sup>c</sup>
bring <i>it</i> into subjection: lest that by any	(11) Now all these things happened to them
means, when I have preached to others, I	for examples: and they are written for our
myself should be a castaway.	warning, upon whom the ends of the world
	have come.
Chapter 10	(12) Therefore let him who thinks he stands
(1) Moreover, brothers, I do not want you	take heed lest he fall.
to be ignorant, how that all our forefathers	(13) There has no temptation overtaken you
were under the cloud, and all passed	but such as is common to man: but God is
through the sea;	faithful, Who will not allow you to be
(2) And were all baptized unto Moses in the	tempted above what you are able to bear;
cloud and in the sea;	but will with the temptation also make a way
(3) And all ate the same spiritual meat;	to escape, that you may be able to bear <i>it</i> . <sup>d</sup>
(4) And all drank the same spiritual drink:	(14) Therefore, my dearly beloved, flee from
because they drank of that spiritual Rock	idolatry.
that followed them: and that Rock was	(15) I speak as to wise men; you judge what
Christ.	I say.
(5) But with many of them God was not	(16) The cup of blessing which we bless, is it
well pleased: because they were overthrown	not the communion of the blood of Christ?
in the wilderness.	The bread which we break, is it not the
(6) Now these things were our examples, to	communion of the body of Christ?
the intent that we should not lust after evil	(17) Because we <i>being</i> many are one bread,
things, as they also lusted.	and one body: because we are all partakers
(7) Neither be idolaters, as <i>were</i> some of	of that one Bread.
them; as it is written,	(18) Consider Israel after the flesh: are not
The people sat down to eat and	those who eat of the sacrifices partakers of
drink, and rose up to play. <sup>a</sup>	the altar?e
(8) Neither let us commit fornication {sex	(19) What do I say then? that the idol is
outside of marriage}, as some of them	anything, or that which is offered in sacrifice
committed, and twenty-three thousand fell	to idols is anything?
in one day.	(20) But <i>I say</i> , that the things which the
(9) Neither let us tempt Christ, as some of	Gentiles {non-Jews} sacrifice, they sacrifice
them also tempted, and were destroyed by	to demons, and not to God: and I do not
snakes. <sup>b</sup>	want you to have fellowship with demons.
10:7a - Ex. 32:6-28	
10:9b - Num. 21:6	
10:10c - Num. 14:2-35	
10:13d – James 1:13-14 – God Himself tempts	no one
10:18e – See note on I Cor. 9:13	

46.011/22 I Corinthians Chapter 9-10 KJP (Page 1493)

{46} I Corinthians		
(21) You cannot drink the cup of the Lord,	Chapter 11	
and the cup of demons: you cannot be	(1) Be my followers, even as I also <i>am</i> of	
partakers of the Lord's table, and of the	Christ.	
table of demons.	(2) Now I praise you, brothers, that you	
(22) Do we provoke the Lord to jealousy?	remember me in all things, and keep the	
are we stronger than He?	ordinances, as I delivered <i>them</i> to you.	
(23) All things are lawful for me, but all	(3) But I would have you know, that the	
things are not expedient: all things are	head of every man is Christ; and the head of	
lawful for me, but all things do not profit.	the woman <i>is</i> the man; and the head of	
(24) Let no man seek his own, but every	Christ <i>is</i> God.	
man another's <i>wellbeing</i> .	(4) Every man praying or prophesying,	
(25) Whatsoever is sold in the market	having <i>his</i> head covered, dishonors his head.	
places, <i>that</i> eat, asking no question for	(5) But every woman who prays or	
conscience sake:	prophesies with <i>her</i> head uncovered	
(26) Because the earth <i>is</i> the Lord's, and its	dishonors her head: because that is the	
fullness.	same as if she were shaved.	
(27) If any of those who do not believe bid	(6) Because if the woman is not covered, let	
you to a feast, and you are disposed to go;	her also be shaved: but if it is a shame for a	
whatever is set before you, eat, asking no	woman to be shaved, let her be covered.	
questions for conscience sake.	(7) Because a man indeed ought not to	
(28) But if any man says to you, This is	cover <i>his</i> head, inasmuch as he is the image	
offered in sacrifice to idols, do not eat for	and glory of God: but the woman is the glory	
his sake who told you, and for conscience	of the man.	
sake: because the earth <i>is</i> the Lord's, and its	(8) Because the man is not of the woman;	
fullness:	but the woman of the man.	
(29) Conscience, I say, not your own	(9) Neither was the man created for the	
{conscience}, but of the other person's	woman; but the woman for the man.	
{conscience}; but of the other periods	(10) Because for this reason the woman	
judged by another <i>man's</i> conscience?	ought to have power on her head <sup>a</sup> as a	
(30) But if I by grace am a partaker, why	witness to the angels.	
am I evilly spoken of for that for which I	(11) Nevertheless neither is the man	
give thanks?	without the woman, neither the woman	
(31) Whether you eat, or drink, or whatever	without the man, in the Lord.	
you do, do all to the glory of God.	(12) Because as the woman <i>is</i> of the man,	
(32) Give no offense, neither to the Jews,	even so <i>is</i> the man also by the woman; but	
nor to the Gentiles {non-Jews}, nor to the	all things of God.	
church of God:	(13) Judge in yourselves: is it becoming that	
(33) Even as I please all <i>men</i> in all <i>things</i> ,	a woman pray to God uncovered?	
not seeking my own profit, but the <i>profit</i> of	r	
many, that they may be saved.		
11:10a - power on her head - literally a covering o	over her head as a sign of submission as a	
	akes it clear that this was the custom of the day.	

46.012/22 I Corinthians Chapter 10-11 KJP (Page 1494)

	Corinthians
<ul> <li>(14) Does not even nature itself teach you, that, if a man has long hair, it is a shame to him?</li> <li>(15) But if a woman has long hair, it is a glory to her: because her hair is given to her for a covering.</li> <li>(16) But if any man seems to be contentious, we have no such custom, neither the churches of God.</li> <li>(17) Now in this that I declare to you I do not praise you, that you come together not for the better, but for the worse.</li> <li>(18) Because first of all, when you come together in the church, I hear that there are divisions among you; and I partly believe it.</li> <li>(19) Because there must be also heresies among you, that those who are approved may be revealed among you.</li> <li>(20) When you come together therefore into one place, this is not to eat the Lord's supper.</li> <li>(21) Because in eating everyone takes his own supper before the other: and one is hungry, and another is drunken.</li> <li>(22) What? have you not houses to eat and to drink in? or do you despise the church of God, and shame those who do not have? What shall I say to you? shall I praise you in this? I do not praise you.</li> <li>(23) Because I have received of the Lord that which I also delivered to you, That the Lord Jesus the same night in which He was betrayed took bread:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(24) And when He had given thanks, He broke <i>it</i>, and said, Take, eat: this is My body, which is broken for you: do this in memory of Me.</li> <li>(25) After the same manner also <i>He took</i> the cup, when He had eaten, saying, This cup is the new testament in My blood: do this, as often as you drink <i>it</i>, in memory of Me.</li> <li>(26) Because as often as you eat this bread, and drink this cup, you show the Lord's death until He comes.</li> <li>(27) Therefore whoever shall eat this bread, and drink <i>this</i> cup of the Lord, unworthily, shall be guilty of the body and blood of the Lord.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(28) But let a man examine himself, and so let him eat of <i>that</i> bread, and drinks damnation to himself, not discerning the Lord's body.</li> <li>(30) For this reason many <i>are</i> weak and sickly among you, and many sleep.</li> <li>(31) Because if we would judge ourselves, we should not be judged.</li> <li>(32) But when we are judged, we are disciplined by the Lord, that we should not be is and hord.</li> <li>(33) Therefore, my brothers, when you come together to eat, wait for one another.</li> <li>(34) And if any man is hungry, let him eat at home; that you not come together to come.</li> </ul>
11:27b - see 11:21 - eat and drink "unworthily" - the issue here is not whether any of us are "worthy" to take of the Lord's supper, but that the Lord's supper should be taken in reverence and respect - apparently from verse 21 some were gorging themselves on the bread and getting drunk on the wine and as a result others did not get to participate in the Lord's supper. See verse 34. The instruction in verse 34 is for people to eat their meals at home and not gorge themselves on the Lord's supper.	

46.013/22 I Corinthians Chapter 11 KJP (Page 1495)

46.015/22 I Corinthians Chapter 12-14 KJP (Page 1497)

<ul> <li>[46] I Co</li> <li>(2) Because he who speaks in an unknown language speaks not to men, but to God: because no man understands him; even so in the spirit he speaks mysteries.</li> <li>(3) But he who prophesies speaks to men to encouragement, and exhortation, and comfort.</li> <li>(4) He who speaks in an unknown language uplifts himself; but he who prophesies uplifts the church.</li> <li>(5) I desire that you all spoke with {spiritual} languages, but even more that you prophesied: because greater <i>is</i> he who prophesies than he who speaks with {spiritual} languages, unless he interprets, that the church may receive encouragement.</li> <li>(6) Now, brothers, if I come to you speaking with {spiritual} languages, what shall I profit you, unless I shall speak to you either by revelation, or by knowledge, or by prophesying, or by teaching?</li> <li>(7) And even things without life giving sound, whether pipe or harp, unless they give a distinction in the sounds, how shall it be known what is piped or harped?</li> <li>(8) Because if the trumpet gives an uncertain sound, who shall prepare himself to the battle?</li> <li>(9) So likewise you, unless you speak by the {crimitual hanguages words energy to hangen</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(11) Therefore if I do not know the meaning of the voice, I shall be to him who speaks a barbarian {uneducated; uncivilized}, and he who speaks shall be a barbarian {uneducated; uncivilized} to me.</li> <li>(12) Even so you, inasmuch as you are zealous of spiritual gifts, seek that you may excel to the encouragement of the church.</li> <li>(13) Therefore let him who speaks in an unknown language pray that he may interpret.</li> <li>(14) Because if I pray in an unknown language, my spirit prays, but my understanding is unfruitful.</li> <li>(15) What is it then? I will pray with the spirit, and I will pray with the spirit, how shall he who occupies the room of the unlearned say Amen {Let it be} at your giving of thanks, since he does not understand what you say?</li> <li>(17) Because you truly give thanks well, but the other is not encouraged.</li> <li>(18) I thank my God, I speak with {spiritual} languages more than you all:</li> <li>(19) Yet in the church I had rather speak five</li> </ul>	
{spiritual} languages, unless he interprets,	(15) What is it then? I will pray with the	
(6) Now, brothers, if I come to you speaking with {spiritual} languages, what	understanding also: I will sing with the spirit, and I will sing with the understanding	
prophesying, or by teaching? (7) And even things without life giving	spirit, how shall he who occupies the room of the unlearned say Amen {Let it be} at	
give a distinction in the sounds, how shall it be known what is piped or harped?	understand what you say? (17) Because you truly give thanks well, but	
to the battle? (9) So likewise you, unless you speak by the	{spiritual} languages more than you all: (19) Yet in the church I had rather speak five	
{spiritual} language words easy to be understood, how shall it be known what is spoken? because you shall speak into the	words with my understanding, that <i>by my voice</i> I might teach others also, than ten thousand words in an <i>unknown</i> language.	
air. (10) There are, it may be, so many kinds of voices in the world, and none of them <i>is</i> without significance.	(20) Brothers, do not be children in understanding: let it be that in malice you are children, but in understanding be men.	

46.016/22 I Corinthians Chapter 14 KJP (Page 1498)

{46} I Corinthians		
<ul> <li>(21) In the law it is written,</li> <li>With men of other languages and other lips I will speak to this people; and yet for all that they will not listen to Me, says the Lord.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(22) Therefore {spiritual} languages are for a sign, not to those who believe, but to those who do not believe: but prophesying does not serve those who do not believe, but to those who believe.</li> <li>(23) If therefore the whole church comes together into one place, and all speak with {unknown} languages, and there comes in those who dore unlearned, or unbelievers, will they not say that you are mad?</li> <li>(24) But if all prophesy, and there comes in one who does not believe, or one unlearned, he is convicted of all, he is judged of all:</li> <li>(25) And so the secrets of his heart are revealed; and so falling down on his face he will worship God, and report that God is truly in you.</li> <li>(26) How is it then, brothers? when you come together, every one of you has a song, has a teaching, has a {spiritual} language, has a revelation, has an interpretation. Let all things be done to the up-building {of the church}.</li> <li>(27) If any man speaks in an unknown language, let it be by two, or at the most by three, and that by course; and let one interpret.</li> <li>(28) But if there is no interpreter, let him keep silence in the church; and let him speak to himself, and to God.<sup>b</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(29) Let the prophets speak two or three, and let the others judge.</li> <li>(30) If anything is revealed to another who sits by, let the first hold his peace.</li> <li>(31) Because you may all prophesy one by one, that all may learn, and all may be comforted.</li> <li>(32) And the spirits of the prophets are subject to the prophets.</li> <li>(33) Because God is not the author of confusion, but of peace, as in all churches of the saints.</li> <li>(34) Let your women keep silence in the churches: because it is not permitted for them to speak; but they are commanded to be under obedience, as also the law says.<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(35) And if they will learn anything, let them ask their husbands at home: because it is a shame for women to speak in the church.</li> <li>(36) What? Did the word of God come out from you? or did it come to you only?</li> <li>(37) If any man thinks himself to be a prophet, or spiritual, let him acknowledge that the things that I write to you are the commandments of the Lord.</li> <li>(38) But if any man is ignorant, let him be ignorant.</li> <li>(39) Therefore, brothers, earnestly desire to prophesy, and do not forbid to speak with {spiritual} languages.<sup>d</sup></li> <li>(40) Let all things be done decently and in order.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>14:21a - Is. 28:11</li> <li>14:28b - If there is no one to interpret - tongues {unknown} languages are not allowed in the church!</li> <li>14:34c - Gen. 3:16 - i.e. women are not to speak out in church [this was the custom of the Jews in the synagogues which Paul carries over to the modern church - see chapter 11] <ul> <li>This also suggests that women {and men} should not be talking about other things when they should be listening to what is being said.</li> </ul> </li> <li>14:39d - we are not to forbid the use of tongues in church - however, there must be an interpreter present to translate the message - see 14:28</li> </ul>		

46.017/22 I Corinthians Chapter 14 KJP (Page 1499)

46.018/22 I Corinthians Chapter 15 KJP (Pag 1500)

	Corinthians	
<ul> <li>{46} I G</li> <li>(28) And when all things shall be subdued to Him, then the Son shall also Himself be subject to Him Who put all things under Him, that God may be all in all.</li> <li>(29) Else what shall they do who are baptized for the dead, if the dead do not rise at all? why are they then baptized for the dead?<sup>c</sup></li> <li>(30) And why do we stand in jeopardy every hour?</li> <li>(31) I protest by your rejoicing which I have in Christ Jesus our Lord, I die daily.</li> <li>(32) If after the manner of men I have fought with beasts at Ephesus, what advantage is it to me, if the dead do not rise? let us eat and drink; because tomorrow we die.</li> <li>(33) Do not be deceived: evil communications corrupt good manners.</li> <li>(34) Awake to righteousness, and do not sin; because some do not have the knowledge of God: I speak <i>this</i> to your shame.</li> <li>(35) But some <i>man</i> will say, How are the dead raised up? and with what body do they come?</li> <li>(36) You fool, that which you sow does not come alive, unless it dies:</li> <li>(37) And that which you sow, is not sown in that body that shall be, but bare grain, it may chance of wheat, or of some other grain:</li> <li>(38) But God gives it a body as it has pleased Him, and to every seed its own body.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(39) All flesh <i>is</i> not the same flesh: but <i>there is</i> one <i>kind of</i> flesh of men, another flesh of beasts, another of fish, <i>and</i> another of birds.<sup>d</sup></li> <li>(40) <i>There are</i> also heavenly bodies, and earthly bodies: but the glory of the heavenly <i>is</i> one, and the <i>glory</i> of the earthly <i>is</i> another.</li> <li>(41) <i>There is</i> one glory of the sun, and another glory of the moon, and another glory of the stars: because <i>one</i> star differs from <i>another</i> star in glory.</li> <li>(42) So also <i>is</i> the resurrection of the dead. It is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption:</li> <li>(43) It is sown in dishonor; it is raised in glory: it is sown in weakness; it is raised a spiritual body. There is a natural body, and there is a spiritual body.</li> <li>(45) And so it is written, The first man Adam was made a living soul; the last Adam <i>was made</i> a life giving Spirit.</li> <li>(46) So it is that which is spiritual <i>was</i> not first, but that which is natural; and afterward that which is spiritual.</li> <li>(47) The first man <i>is</i> of the earth, earthy: the second Man <i>is</i> the Lord from heaven.</li> <li>(48) As <i>is</i> the earthy, such <i>are</i> they also who are earthy: and as <i>is</i> the heavenly.</li> <li>(49) And as we have borne the image of the earthy, we shall also bear the image of the earthy, we shall also bear the image of the earthy.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>15:29c - baptized for the dead - literally baptized on <u>behalf</u> of the dead - apparently some practiced baptizing by proxy, where someone is baptized for someone who is already dead. Interestingly, Paul not only does not criticize this practice, but uses it as an argument for the resurrection of the dead.</li> <li>15:39d - the flesh of man, or of animals, or of fish, or of birds is not the same - anyone who eats meat knows that the meat of cattle is not the same as the meat of fish, or of birds – it doesn't look the same, it doesn't smell the same, it doesn't taste the same.</li> </ul>		

46.019/22 I Corinthians Chapter 15 KJP (Page 1501)

{46} I Corinthians		
(50) Now this I say, brothers, that flesh and	(2) Upon the first <i>day</i> of the week	
blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God;	{Sunday}, <sup>a</sup> let everyone of you lay by in	
neither does corruption inherit	store, as <i>God</i> has prospered him, that there	
incorruption.	be no collections when I come.	
(51) Look, I show you a mystery; We shall	(3) And when I come, whomever you shall	
not all sleep, but we shall all be changed,	approve by <i>your</i> letters, them I will send to	
(52) In a moment, <sup>e</sup> in the twinkling of an	bring your generous offerings <sup>b</sup> to Jerusalem.	
eye, at the last trump: <sup>f</sup> because the trumpet	(4) And if it is appropriate that I go also,	
shall sound, and the dead shall be raised	they shall go with me.	
incorruptible, and we shall be changed.	(5) Now I will come to you, when I shall	
(53) Because this corruptible must put on	pass through Macedonia: because I will pass	
incorruption, and this mortal must put on	through Macedonia.	
immortality.	(6) And it may be that I will stay, yes, and	
(54) So when this corruptible shall have put	winter with you, that you may bring me on	
on incorruption, and this mortal shall have	my journey wherever I go.	
put on immortality, then shall be brought to	(7) Because I will not see you now by the	
pass the saying that is written,	way; but I trust to stay a while with you, if	
Death is swallowed up in	the Lord permits.	
victory. <sup>g</sup>	(8) But I will remain at Ephesus until	
(55) O death, where <i>is</i> your sting? O grave,	Pentecost.	
where <i>is</i> your victory?	(9) Because a great and effective door has	
(56) The sting of death <i>is</i> sin; and the	opened to me, and there are many	
strength of sin <i>is</i> the law.	adversaries.	
(57) But thanks <i>be</i> to God, Who gives us the	(10) Now if Timothy <sup>c</sup> comes, see that he	
victory through our Lord Jesus Christ.	may be with you without fear: because he	
(58) Therefore, my beloved brothers, be	works the work of the Lord, as I also do.	
steadfast, unmovable, always abounding in	(11) Let no man therefore despise him: but	
the work of the Lord, inasmuch as you know	conduct him forth in peace, that he may	
that your labor is not in vain in the Lord.	come to me: because I look for him with the	
	brothers.	
Chapter 16	(12) As concerning <i>our</i> brother Apollos, <sup>d</sup> I	
(1) Now concerning the collection for the	greatly desired him to come to you with the	
saints, as I have given order to the churches	brothers: but his will was not at all to come	
of Galatia, even so you do <i>the same</i> .	at this time; but he will come when he shall	
of Galatia, even so you do the sume.	have convenient time.	
	nave convenient time.	
15:52e – moment – has a special meaning – 5/114 seconds – see <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at		
15:52e – moment – has a special meaning – 5/114 seconds – see <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u> – note "twinkling" of an eye not "blink" of an eye!		
15:52f – last trumpet – see <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u> – see also		
15:521 – last trumpet – see <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u> – see also Appendix N: Fulfilled Holy Days		
15:54g - Is. 25:8		
16:2a - See note on Matt. 28:1		
16:3b - liberality - liberal offerings - generous offerings to be sent to Jerusalem to help out with		
those who had needs due to the famine that was going on there - see Acts 11:28		
16:10c – Timothy – Acts 16:1; 18:5; 20:4; II Cor. 2:1; I Tim. 1:2 16:12d – Apollos – Acts 18:24; 19:1; Tit. 3:13		
10.12u - Apontos - Aus 10.24, 19.1, 111. 3.13		
46.020/22 I Corinthians Cha	ptop 15 16 VID (Dogo 1500)	

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{46} I Corinthians	
<ul> <li>(13) You watch, stand fast in the faith, stand like men, be strong.</li> <li>(14) Let all your things be done with charity {love}.</li> <li>(15) I urge you, brothers, (you know the house of Stephanas, that it is the first-fruits of Achaia, and <i>that</i> they have dedicated themselves to the ministry of the saints,)</li> <li>(16) That you submit yourselves to such, and to everyone who helps with <i>us</i>, and labors.</li> <li>(17) I am glad for the coming of Stephanas and Fortunatus and Achaicus: because that which was lacking on your part they have supplied.</li> <li>(18) Because they have refreshed my spirit and yours: therefore acknowledge them who are such.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(19) The churches of Asia {Minor} salute you. Aquila and Priscilla salute you much in the Lord, with the church that is in their house.</li> <li>(20) All the brothers greet you. Greet one another with a holy kiss.</li> <li>(21) The salutation is <i>mine</i>, Paul, with my own hand.</li> <li>(22) If any man does not love the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be cursed, Maranatha {Come, Lord}.<sup>e</sup></li> <li>(23) The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ <i>be</i> with you.</li> <li>(24) My love <i>be</i> with you all in Christ Jesus. Amen {let it be}.</li> </ul>
	ord", "the Lord has come" or "the Lord is

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