{03}	Leviticus

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<ul> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} called to Moses, and spoke to him out of the tabernacle of the congregation, saying,</li> <li>(2) Speak to the children of Israel, and say to them, If any man of you brings an offering to the LORD {Jehovah}, you shall bring your offering of the cattle, even of the herd, and of the flock.</li> <li>(3) If his offering is a burnt sacrifice of the herd, let him offer a male without blemish: he shall offer it of his own voluntary will at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(4) And he shall put his hand upon the head of the burnt offering; and it shall be accepted for him to make atonement for him.</li> <li>(5) And he shall kill the bull before the LORD {Jehovah}: and the priests, Aaron's sons, shall bring the blood, and sprinkle the blood all around upon the altar that is by the door of the tabernacle of the congregation.</li> <li>(6) And he shall flay the burnt offering, and cut it into its pieces.</li> <li>(7) And the sons of Aaron the priest shall put fire upon the altar, and lay the wood in order upon the fire:</li> <li>(8) And the priests, Aaron's sons, shall lay the parts, the head, and the fat, in order upon the altar:</li> <li>(9) But its inward parts and its legs he shall wash in water: and the priest shall burn all on the altar, to be a burnt sacrifice, an offering made by fire, of a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(10) And if his offering is of the flocks, namely, of the sheep, or of the goats, for a burnt sacrifice; he shall bring it a male without blemish.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(11) And he shall kill it on the side of the altar northward before the LORD {Jehovah}: and the priests, Aaron's sons, shall sprinkle its blood all around upon the altar.</li> <li>(12) And he shall cut it into its pieces, with its head and its fat: and the priest shall lay them in order on the wood that <i>is</i> on the fire which <i>is</i> upon the altar:</li> <li>(13) But he shall wash the inward parts and the legs with water: and the priest shall bring <i>it</i> all, and burn <i>it</i> upon the altar: it <i>is</i> a burnt sacrifice, an offering made by fire, of a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(14) And if the burnt sacrifice for his offering to the LORD {Jehovah} is of birds, then he shall bring his offering of turtledoves, or of young pigeons.</li> <li>(15) And the priest shall bring it to the altar, and wring off its head, and burn <i>it</i> on the altar; and its blood shall be wrung out at the side of the altar:</li> <li>(16) And he shall pluck away its crop with his feathers, and cast it beside the altar on the east part, by the place of the ashes:</li> <li>(17) And he shall cut it with its wings, <i>but</i> shall not divide <i>it</i> into pieces: and the priest shall burn it upon the altar, upon the wood that <i>is</i> upon the fire: it <i>is</i> a burnt sacrifice, an offering made by fire, of a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>	

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## {03} Leviticus

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<ul> <li>(8) And he shall lay his hand upon the head of his offering, and kill it in front of the tabernacle of the congregation: and Aaron's sons shall sprinkle its blood all around upon the altar.</li> <li>(9) And he shall offer of the sacrifice of the peace offering an offering made by fire to the LORD (Jehovah); its fat, and the whole rump, he shall take it off close to the backbone; and the fat that is upon the inward parts, and all the fat that is upon the inward parts, and all the fat that is upon the altar. it is the food of the offering made by fire to the LORD (Jehovah).</li> <li>(12) And the troy kidneys, and the fat that is upon the altar: it is the food of the offering made by fire to the LORD (Jehovah).</li> <li>(13) And he shall lay his hand upon its head, and kill it before the tabernacle of the congregation: and the sons of Aaron shall sprinkle its blood upon the altar all around.</li> <li>(14) And he shall fat that to vers the inward parts, and all the fat that is upon the inward parts, (15) And the two kidneys, and the fat that is upon the and the rat that is upon the inward parts, and all the fat that is upon the inward parts, and all the fat that is upon the inward parts, it is the food of the offering made by fire to the LORD (Jehovah); the fat that covers the inward parts, and all the fat that is upon the inward parts, it is the food of the offering made by fire for a sweet aroma: all the fat is the LORD's (Jehovah)s).</li> <li>(17) It shall be a perpetual law for your generations throughout all your homes, that you eat neither fat nor blood.</li> <li>(17) It shall be a perpetual law for your generations throughout all your homes, that you eat neither fat nor blood.</li> <li>(18) And he shall all your homes, that you eat neither fat nor blood.</li> </ul>	ving, If against LORD ought any of d sins hen let med, a LORD loor of before s hand before s hand before all take to the times re the of the fering, of the covers

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{03} Leviticus		
<ul> <li>(9) And the two kidneys, and the fat that <i>is</i> upon them, which <i>is</i> by the flanks, and the caul {covering} over the liver, with the kidneys, he shall take away,</li> <li>(10) As it was taken off from the bull of the sacrifice of peace offerings: and the priest shall burn them upon the altar of the burnt offering.</li> <li>(11) And the skin of the bull, and all its flesh, with its head, and with its legs, and its inward parts, and its dung,</li> <li>(12) Even the whole bull he shall carry forth outside the camp to a clean place, where the ashes are poured out, and burn it on the wood with fire: where the ashes are poured out it shall be burnt.</li> <li>(13) And if the whole congregation of Israel sins through ignorance, and the thing is hidden from the eyes of the assembly, and they have done <i>somewhat against</i> any of the commandments of the LORD {Jehovah} <i>concerning things</i> which should not be done, and are guilty;</li> <li>(14) When the sin, which they have sinned against it, is known, then the congregation shall offer a young bull for the sin, and bring it before the LORD {Jehovah}: and the bull shall be killed before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(16) And the priest that is anointed shall bring of the bull's blood to the tabernacle of the congregation:</li> <li>(17) And the priest shall dip his finger <i>in some</i> of the blood, and sprinkle <i>it</i> seven times before the LORD {Jehovah}, <i>even</i> before the curtain.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(18) And he shall put <i>some</i> of the blood upon the horns of the altar {of incense}<sup>a</sup> which <i>is</i> before the LORD {Jehovah}, that <i>is</i> in the tabernacle of the congregation, and shall pour out all the blood at the bottom of the altar of the burnt offering, which <i>is at</i> the door of the tabernacle of the congregation.</li> <li>(19) And he shall take all its fat from it, and burn <i>it</i> upon the altar.</li> <li>(20) And he shall do with the bull as he did with the bull for a sin offering, so shall he do with this: and the priest shall make an atonement for them, and it shall be forgiven them.</li> <li>(21) And he shall carry forth the bull outside the camp, and burn <i>it</i> as he burned the first bull: it <i>is</i> a sin offering for the congregation.</li> <li>(22) When a ruler has sinned, and done <i>somewhat</i> through ignorance <i>against</i> any of the done, and is guilty;</li> <li>(23) Or if his sin, in which he has sinned, comes to his knowledge; he shall bring his offering, a kid of the goats, a male without blemish:</li> <li>(24) And he shall lay his hand upon the head of the goat, and kill it in the place where they kill the burnt offering.</li> <li>(25) And the priest shall take of the blood of the sin offering with his finger, and put <i>it</i> upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out its blood at the bottom of the altar of burnt offering.</li> </ul>	
4:18a – altar – altar of incense (Lev. 4:7)		

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#### {03} Leviticus

{03}	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(26) And he shall burn all its fat upon the altar, as the fat of the sacrifice of peace offerings: and the priest shall make an atonement for him concerning his sin, and it shall be forgiven him.</li> <li>(27) And if any one of the common people sin through ignorance, while he does somewhat against any of the commandments of the LORD {Jehovah} concerning things which ought not to be done, and be guilty;</li> <li>(28) Or if his sin, which he has sinned, comes to his knowledge: then he shall bring his offering, a kid of the goats, a female without blemish, for his sin which he has sinned.</li> <li>(29) And he shall lay his hand upon the head of the sin offering, and kill the sin offering in the place of the burnt offering.</li> <li>(30) And the priest shall take of its blood with his finger, and put <i>it</i> upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out all its blood at the bottom of the altar.</li> <li>(31) And he shall lay his nand upon the LORD {Jehovah}; and the priest shall burnt <i>it</i> upon the altar for a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}; and the priest shall burnt <i>it</i> upon the altar for a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}; and the priest shall be forgiven him.</li> <li>(32) And he shall lay his hand upon the head of the sin offering a lamb for a sin offering, he shall bring it a female without blemish.</li> <li>(33) And he shall lay his hand upon the head of the sin offering, and kill it for a sin offering in the place where they kill the burnt offering.</li> <li>(34) And the priest shall take of the blood of the sin offering with his finger, and put <i>it</i> upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out all its blood at the bottom of the altar.</li> <li>(34) And the priest shall take of the blood of the sin offering with his finger, and put <i>it</i> upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out all its blood at the bottom of the altar:</li> </ul>	Leviticus (35) And he shall take away all its fat, as the fat of the lamb is taken away from the sacrifice of the peace offerings; and the priest shall burn them upon the altar, according to the offerings made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}: and the priest shall make an atonement for his sin that he has committed, and it shall be forgiven him.  Chapter 5 (1) And if a soul sins, and hears the voice of swearing, and <i>is</i> a witness, whether he has seen or known <i>of it</i> ; if he does not testify to <i>it</i> , then he shall bear his sin. <sup>a</sup> (2) Or if a soul touches any unclean thing, whether <i>it is</i> a dead body of an unclean beast, or a dead body of unclean cattle, or the dead body of unclean cattle, or the dead body of unclean crawling things, and <i>if</i> it is hidden from him; he also shall be unclean, and guilty. (3) Or if he touches the uncleanness of man, whatever uncleanness <i>it is</i> that a man shall be defiled by it, and it is hidden from him; when he knows <i>of it</i> , then he shall be guilty. (4) Or if a soul swears, pronouncing with <i>his</i> lips to do evil, or to do good, whatever <i>it is</i> that a man shall pronounce with an oath, and it is hidden from him; when he knows <i>of it</i> , then he shall be guilty in one of these <i>things</i> , that he shall confess that he has sinned in that <i>thing</i> : (6) And he shall bring his sin offering to the LORD {Jehovah} for his sin which he has sinned, a female from the flock, a lamb or a kid of the goats, for a sin offering; and the priest shall make an atonement for him concerning his sin.

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#### {03} Leviticus (7) And if he is not able to bring a lamb, If a soul commits a sin, and sins (15)then he shall bring for his sin, which he has through ignorance, in the holy things of the committed, two turtledoves, or two young LORD {Jehovah}; then he shall bring for his pigeons, to the LORD {Jehovah}; one for a sin to the LORD {Jehovah} a ram without sin offering, and the other for a burnt blemish out of the flocks, together with what you consider a fair value by shekels of silver offering. (8) And he shall bring them to the priest, {a shekel is about 0.4 oz.; 11.4 g},<sup>c</sup> after the who shall offer that which is for the sin shekel of the sanctuary, for a sin offering: offering first, and wring off its head from its (16) And he shall make amends for the neck, but shall not divide it into pieces: harm that he has done in the holy thing, and (9) And he shall sprinkle of the blood of the shall add the fifth part to it {20%},<sup>d</sup> and give sin offering upon the side of the altar; and it to the priest: and the priest shall make an the rest of the blood shall be wrung out at atonement for him with the ram of the sin the bottom of the altar: it *is* a sin offering. offering, and it shall be forgiven him. (10) And he shall offer the second bird for a (17) And if a soul sins, and commits any of burnt offering, according to the manner: these things which are forbidden to be done and the priest shall make an atonement for by the commandments of the LORD him for his sin which he has sinned, and it {Jehovah}; though he did not know *it*, yet he shall be forgiven him. is guilty, and shall bear his sin.<sup>e</sup> (11) But if he is not able to bring two (18) And he shall bring a ram without turtledoves, or two young pigeons, then he blemish out of the flock, with what you who has sinned shall bring for his offering consider a fair value, for a sin offering, to the tenth part of an ephah of fine flour the priest: and the priest shall make an {about 2.3 qts.; 2.2 L.}<sup>b</sup> for a sin offering; he atonement for him concerning his ignorance shall put no oil upon it, neither shall he put in which he erred and did not know, and it any frankincense upon it: because it is a sin shall be forgiven him. offering. (19) It is a sin offering: he has certainly (12) Then he shall bring it to the priest, and sinned against the LORD {Jehovah}. the priest shall take his handful of it, even a memorial of it, and burn it on the altar, Chapter 6 according to the offerings made by fire to (1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to the LORD {Jehovah}: it *is* a sin offering. Moses, saying, (13) And the priest shall make an atonement (2) If a soul sins, and commits a sin against for him concerning his sin that he has the LORD {Jehovah}, and lies to his sinned in one of these, and it shall be neighbor in that which was delivered him to forgiven him: and the remnant shall be the keep, or in fellowship, or in a thing taken priest's, as a food offering. away by violence, or has deceived his (14) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to neighbor; Moses, saying, 5:11b - ephah = 22.2 liters = 24 quarts = 3 pecks = 6 gallons - omer = 0.1 ephah [tenth part] = 2.2 liters = 2.3 quarts - a little more than half a gallon 5:15c - shekel - about .4 ounces or 11.4 grams in weight - see Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures 5:16d - fifth part - 20 percent 5:17e - sin is sin even if it is done unknowingly

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<ul> <li>(3) Or has found that which was lost, and lies concerning it, and swears falsely; in any of all these that a man does, committing sin:</li> <li>(4) Then it shall be, because he has sinned, and is guilty, that he shall restore that which he took violently away, or the thing which he has obtained by deceit, or that which was delivered to him to keep, or the lost thing which he found,</li> <li>(5) Or all that about which he has sworn falsely; he shall even restore it in the principal, and shall add the fifth part more to it {20 percent},<sup>a</sup> and give it to him to whom it belongs, in the day of his sin offering.</li> <li>(6) And he shall bring his sin offering to the LORD {Jehovah}, a ram without blemish out of the flock, together with what you consider a fair value, for a sins offering, to the priest:</li> <li>(7) And the priest shall make an atonement for him before the LORD {Jehovah}: and it shall be forgiven him for anything of all that he has done in sinning.</li> <li>(8) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(9) Command Aaron and his sons, saying, This <i>is</i> the law of the burnt offering: It <i>is</i> the burnt offering, because of the burning upon the altar all night until the morning, and the fire of the altar shall be burning in it.</li> <li>(10) And the priest shall put on his linen clothing, and his linen pants he shall put upon his body, and take up the ashes which the fire has consumed with the burnt offering on the altar, and he shall put them beside the altar.</li> <li>(11) And he shall take off his clothing, and put on other clothing, and carry forth the ashes outside the camp to a clean place.</li> </ul>	Leviticus         (12) And the fire upon the altar shall be burning in it; it shall not be put out: and the priest shall burn wood on it every morning, and lay the burnt offering in order upon it; and he shall burn upon the fat of the peace offerings.         (13) The fire shall be ever burning upon the altar; it shall never go out.         (14) And this <i>is</i> the law of the food offering: the sons of Aaron shall offer it before the LORD {Jehovah}, before the altar.         (15) And he shall take of it his handful, of the flour of the food offering, and of its oil, and all the frankincense which <i>is</i> upon the food offering, and shall burn <i>it</i> upon the altar <i>for</i> a sweet aroma, <i>even</i> its memorial, to the LORD {Jehovah}.         (16) And the remainder Aaron and his sons shall eat: with unleavened bread it shall be eaten in the holy place; in the court of the tabernacle of the congregation they shall eat it.         (17) It shall not be baked with leaven. I have given it <i>to them for</i> their portion of My offerings made by fire; it <i>is</i> most holy, as <i>is</i> the sin offering, and as the trespass offering.         (18) All the LORD {Jehovah} made by fire: every one that touches them shall be holy.         (19) And the LORD {Jehovah} made by fire: every one that touches them shall be holy.         (19) And the LORD {Jehovah} is poke to Mosses, saying,         (20) This <i>is</i> the offering of Aaron and of his sons, which they shall offer to the LORD {Jehovah} is poke to Mosses, saying,         (20) This <i>is</i> the offering of Aaron and of his sons, which they shall offer to the LORD {Jehovah} in the day when he is anointed; the tenth part of an ephah of fine flour (about 2.3 qts.; 2.2 L.) <sup>b</sup> for a perpetual food

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{03} Leviticus		
<ul> <li>(21) In a pan it shall be made with oil; and when it is baked, you shall bring it in: and the baked pieces of the food offering you shall offer for a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(22) And the priest of his sons who are anointed in his place shall offer it: it is a law forever to the LORD {Jehovah}; it shall be completely burnt.</li> <li>(23) Because every food offering for the priest shall be wholly burnt: it shall not be eaten.</li> <li>(24) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(25) Speak to Aaron and to his sons, saying, This is the law of the sin offering is killed the sin offering shall be killed before the LORD {Jehovah}: it is most holy.</li> <li>(26) The priest who offers it for sin shall eat it: in the holy place it shall be eaten, in the court of the tabernacle of the congregation.</li> <li>(27) Whatever shall touch its flesh shall be holy: and when its blood is sprinkled upon any clothing, you shall wash that upon which it was sprinkled in the holy place.</li> <li>(28) But the earthen vessel in which it is boiled in a brass pot, it shall be both scoured, and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 7 <ol> <li>Likewise this <i>is</i> the law of the sin offering; it <i>is</i> most holy.</li> <li>In the place where they kill the burnt offering they shall kill the sin offering; and its blood he shall sprinkle all around upon the altar.</li> <li>And he shall offer of it all its fat; the rump, and the fat that covers the inward parts,</li> <li>And the two kidneys, and the fat that <i>is</i> on them, which <i>is</i> by the flanks, and the caul {covering} <i>that is</i> over the liver, with the kidneys, he shall take away:</li> <li>And the priest shall burn them upon the altar <i>for</i> an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}: it <i>is</i> a sin offering.</li> <li>Every male among the priests shall eat of it: it shall be eaten in the holy place: it <i>is</i> most holy.</li> <li>And the priest who offers any man's burnt offering, <i>even</i> that priest shall have to himself the skin of the burnt offering which he has offered.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
This <i>is</i> the law of the sin offering: In the place where the burnt offering is killed the sin offering shall be killed before the LORD {Jehovah}: it <i>is</i> most holy.	<ul> <li>altar <i>for</i> an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}: it <i>is</i> a sin offering.</li> <li>(6) Every male among the priests shall eat of it: it shall be eaten in the holy place: it <i>is</i></li> </ul>	
it: in the holy place it shall be eaten, in the court of the tabernacle of the congregation. (27) Whatever shall touch its flesh shall be holy: and when its blood is sprinkled upon	(7) As the sin offering <i>is</i> , so <i>is</i> the trespass offering: <i>there is</i> one law for them: the priest who makes atonement with it shall have <i>it</i> .	
<ul><li>which it was sprinkled in the holy place.</li><li>(28) But the earthen vessel in which it is boiled shall be broken: and if it is boiled in a brass pot, it shall be both scoured, and</li></ul>	<ul><li>burnt offering, <i>even</i> that priest shall have to himself the skin of the burnt offering which he has offered.</li><li>(9) And all the meat offering that is baked</li></ul>	
<ul><li>rinsed in water.</li><li>(29) All the males among the priests shall eat of it: it <i>is</i> most holy.</li><li>(30) And no sin offering, of which <i>any</i> of the blood is brought into the tabernacle of</li></ul>	in the oven, and all that is dressed in the frying pan, and in the pan, shall be the priest's who offers it. (10) And every food offering, mingled with oil, and dry, all the sons of Aaron shall have,	
the congregation to reconcile <i>with</i> in the holy <i>place</i> , shall be eaten: it shall be burnt in the fire.	one <i>as much</i> as another. (11) And this <i>is</i> the law of the sacrifice of peace offerings, which he shall offer to the LORD {Jehovah}.	

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	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(12) If he offers it for a thanksgiving, then he shall offer with the sacrifice of thanksgiving unleavened cakes mingled with oil, and unleavened wafers anointed with oil, and cakes mingled with oil, of fine flour, fried.</li> <li>(13) Besides the cakes, he shall offer for his offering leavened bread with the sacrifice of thanksgiving of his peace offerings.</li> <li>(14) And of it he shall offer one out of the whole sacrifice for a lifted-up offering to the LORD {Jehovah}, and it shall be the priest's who sprinkles the blood of the peace offerings.</li> <li>(15) And the flesh of the sacrifice of his peace offerings for thanksgiving shall be eaten the same day that it is offered; he shall not leave any of it until the morning.</li> <li>(16) But if the sacrifice of his offering is a vow, or a voluntary offering, it shall be eaten the same day that he offers his sacrifice: and in the morning also the remainder of it shall be eaten:</li> <li>(17) But the remainder of the flesh of the sacrifice of his peace offerings is eaten at all on the third day, it shall not be accepted, neither shall it be imputed to him who offers it: it shall be an abomination, and the soul who eats of it shall bear his sin.</li> <li>(19) And the flesh that touches any unclean thing shall not be eaten; it shall be burnt with fire: and as for the flesh, all that is clean shall eat of it.</li> <li>(20) But the soul who eats of the flesh of the sacrifice of peace offerings, that pertains to the LORD {Jehovah}, having his uncleanness upon him, even that soul shall be cut off from his people.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(21) Furthermore the soul who shall touch any unclean <i>thing, as</i> the uncleanness of man, or <i>any</i> unclean <i>beast,</i> or any abominable unclean <i>thing,</i> and eat of the flesh of the sacrifice of peace offerings, which <i>pertains</i> to the LORD {Jehovah}, even that soul shall be cut off from his people.</li> <li>(22) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(23) Speak to the children of Israel, saying, You shall not eat any manner of fat, of ox, or of sheep, or of goat.</li> <li>(24) And the fat of the beast that dies of itself, and the fat of the beast that dies of itself, and the fat of that which is torn with beasts, may be used in any other use: but you shall in no wise eat of it.</li> <li>(25) Because whoever eats the fat of the beast, of which men offer an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}, even the soul who eats <i>it</i> shall be cut off from his people.</li> <li>(26) Furthermore you shall eat no manner of blood, <i>whether it is</i> of bird or of beast, in any of your homes.</li> <li>(27) Whatever soul who eats any manner of blood, even that soul shall be cut off from his people.</li> <li>(28) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(29) Speak to the children of Israel, saying, He who offers the sacrifice of his peace offerings.</li> <li>(30) His own hands shall bring the offerings of the LORD {Jehovah} and by fire, the fat with the breast, it he shall bring, that the breast may be waved <i>for</i> a wave offering before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>

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03.010/46 Leviticus Chapter 7-8 KJP (Page 162)

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	Leviticus
(12) And he poured of the anointing oil	(22) And he brought the other ram, the ram
upon Aaron's head, and anointed him, to sanctify him {make him holy}.	of consecration {setting apart as holy}: and
(13) And Moses brought Aaron's sons, and	Aaron and his sons laid their hands upon
put coats upon them, and tied them with	the head of the ram.
belts, and put bonnets {caps} upon them; as	(23) And he killed <i>it</i> ; and Moses took its
the LORD {Jehovah} commanded Moses.	blood, and put <i>it</i> upon the tip of Aaron's
(14) And he brought the bull for the sin	right ear, and upon the thumb of his right
offering: and Aaron and his sons laid their	hand, and upon the great toe of his right foot.
hands upon the head of the bull for the sin	(24) And he brought Aaron's sons, and
offering.	Moses put of the blood upon the tip of their
(15) And he killed <i>it</i> ; and Moses took the	right ears, and upon the thumbs of their
blood, and put <i>it</i> upon the horns of the altar	right hands, and upon the great toes of their
all around with his finger, and purified the	right feet: and Moses sprinkled the blood
altar, and poured the blood at the bottom of	upon the altar all around.
the altar, and sanctified it {made it holy}, to	(25) And he took the fat, and the rump, and
make reconciliation upon it.	all the fat that <i>was</i> upon the inward parts,
(16) And he took all the fat that <i>was</i> upon	and the caul {covering} over the liver, and
the inward parts, and the caul {covering}	the two kidneys, and their fat, and the right
over the liver, and the two kidneys, and	shoulder:
their fat, and Moses burned <i>it</i> upon the	(26) And out of the basket of unleavened
altar.	bread, that <i>was</i> before the LORD
(17) But the bull, and its hide, its flesh, and	{Jehovah}, he took one unleavened cake,
its dung, he burnt with fire outside the camp; as the LORD {Jehovah} commanded	and a cake of oiled bread, and one wafer,
Moses.	and put <i>them</i> on the fat, and upon the right
(18) And he brought the ram for the burnt	shoulder:
offering: and Aaron and his sons laid their	(27) And he put all upon Aaron's hands,
hands upon the head of the ram.	and upon his sons' hands, and waved them
(19) And he killed <i>it</i> ; and Moses sprinkled	for a wave offering before the LORD {Jehovah}.
the blood upon the altar all around.	(28) And Moses took them from off their
(20) And he cut the ram into pieces; and	hands, and burnt <i>them</i> on the altar upon the
Moses burnt the head, and the pieces, and	burnt offering: they were consecrations for
the fat.	a sweet aroma: it <i>is</i> an offering made by fire
(21) And he washed the inward parts and	to the LORD {Jehovah}.
the legs in water; and Moses burnt the	(29) And took the breast, and waved it <i>for</i> a
whole ram upon the altar: it was a burnt	wave offering before the LORD {Jehovah}:
sacrifice for a sweet aroma, and an offering	because the ram of consecration {set apart
made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}; as the	as holy} was Moses' part; as the LORD
LORD {Jehovah} commanded Moses.	{Jehovah} commanded Moses.

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## {03} Leviticus

(13) And they presented the burnt offering to him, with its pieces, and the head: and he burnt *them* upon the altar.
(14) And he washed the inward parts and the burnt the ment the ment of the present the burnt the bur

the legs, and burnt *them* upon the burnt offering on the altar. (15) And he brought the people's offering,

and took the goat, which was the sin offering for the people, and killed it, and offered it for sin, as the first.

(16) And he brought the burnt offering, and offered it according to the rules.

(17) And he brought the food offering, and took a handful of it, and burnt *it* upon the altar, beside the burnt sacrifice of the morning.

(18) He also killed the bull and the ram *for* a sacrifice of peace offerings, which *was* for the people: and Aaron's sons presented to him the blood, which he sprinkled upon the altar all around,

(19) And the fat of the bull and of the ram, the rump, and that which covers *the inward parts*, and the kidneys, and the caul {covering} *over* the liver:

(20) And they put the fat upon the breasts, and he burnt the fat upon the altar:

(21) And the breasts and the right shoulder Aaron waved *for* a wave offering before the LORD {Jehovah}; as Moses commanded.

(22) And Aaron lifted up his hand towards the people, and blessed them, and came down from offering of the sin offering, and the burnt offering, and peace offerings.

(23) And Moses and Aaron went into the tabernacle of the congregation, and came out, and blessed the people: and the glory of the LORD {Jehovah} appeared to all the people.

(24) And there came a fire out from before the LORD {Jehovah}, and burned up the burnt offering on the altar and the fat: *which* when all the people saw, they shouted, and fell on their faces.

#### Chapter 10

(1) And Nadab and Abihu, the sons of Aaron, each took of their censers, and put fire in it, and put incense upon it, and offered strange fire before the LORD {Jehovah}, which He did not command them.

(2) And there went out fire from the LORD {Jehovah}, and devoured them, and they died before the LORD {Jehovah}.

(3) Then Moses said to Aaron, This *is* what the LORD {Jehovah} spoke, saying, I will be sanctified {revered; honored} in those who come near Me, and before all the people I will be glorified. And Aaron held his peace.

(4) And Moses called Mishael and Elzaphan, the sons of Uzziel the uncle of Aaron, and said to them, Come near, carry your brothers from before the sanctuary out of the camp.

(5) So they went near, and carried them in their coats out of the camp; as Moses had said.

(6) And Moses said to Aaron, and to Eleazar and to Ithamar, his sons, Do not uncover your heads, neither tear your clothes; lest you die, and lest wrath {anger; judgment} comes upon all the people: but let your brothers, the whole house of Israel, cry out for the burning which the LORD {Jehovah} has kindled.

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## {03} Leviticus

(7) And you shall not go out from the door (16) And Moses diligently sought the goat of of the tabernacle of the congregation, lest the sin offering, and, indeed, it was burnt: you die: because the anointing oil of the and he was angry with Eleazar and Ithamar, LORD {Jehovah} is upon you. And they did the sons of Aaron who were left alive, according to the word of Moses. saving. (8) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to (17) Why have you not eaten the sin offering Aaron, saying, in the holy place, since it is most holy, and (9) Do not drink wine nor strong drink, God has given it to you to bear the sin of the you, nor your sons with you, when you go congregation, to make atonement for them before the LORD {Jehovah}? into the tabernacle of the congregation, lest (18) Look, its blood was not brought inside you die: it shall be a law forever throughout your generations: the holy place: you should indeed have eaten it in the holy *place*, as I commanded. (10) And that you may make a distinction between holy and unholy, and between (19) And Aaron said to Moses, Look, this day they have offered their sin offering and unclean and clean; (11) And that you may teach the children of their burnt offering before the LORD {Jehovah}; and such things have happened Israel all the laws which the LORD to me: and if I had eaten the sin offering {Jehovah} has spoken to them by the hand of Moses. today, should it have been accepted in the (12) And Moses spoke to Aaron, and to sight of the LORD {Jehovah}?a Eleazar and to Ithamar, his sons that were (20) And when Moses heard that, he was left, Take the food offering that remains of content. the offerings of the LORD {Jehovah} made by fire, and eat it without leaven beside the Chapter 11 altar: because it is most holy: (1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to (13) And you shall eat it in the holy place, Moses and to Aaron, saying to them, because it is your due, and your sons' due, (2) Speak to the children of Israel, saying, of the sacrifices of the LORD {Jehovah} These are the beasts which you shall eat among all the beasts that are on the earth. made by fire: because I am so commanded. (3) Whatever parts the hoof, and is split-(14) And the wave breast and lifted-up shoulder you shall eat in a clean place; you, footed, and chews the cud, among the and your sons, and your daughters with beasts, that you shall eat. you: because they are your due, and your (4) Nevertheless these you shall not eat of sons' due, which are given out of the those that chew the cud, or of those that sacrifices of peace offerings of the children divide the hoof: as the camel, because he of Israel. chews the cud, but his hoof is not divided; (15) The lifted-up shoulder and the wave he is unclean to you. breast they shall bring with the offerings (5) And the rabbit, because he chews the made by fire of the fat, to wave *it for* a wave cud, but his hoof is not divided; he is offering before the LORD {Jehovah}; and it unclean to you. shall be yours, and your sons' with you, by a (6) And the hare, because he chews the cud, law forever; as the LORD {Jehovah} has but his hoof is not divided: he is unclean to commanded. you. 10:19a - such things have happened - Aaron's excuse is that he was not in the right frame of mind and his eating of the sacrifices would not be acceptable to the Lord under those conditions - it is likely that this is taking place shortly after the deaths of his other two

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sons and as a consequence he was in a mournful attitude rather than a joyful attitude.

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<ul> <li>(7) And the swine, though he divides the hoof, and is split-footed, yet he does not chew the cud; he <i>is</i> unclean to you.</li> <li>(8) Of their meat you shall not eat, and their dead bodies you shall not touch; they <i>are</i> unclean to you.</li> <li>(9) These you shall eat of all that <i>are</i> in the waters: whatever has fins and scales in the waters; in the seas, and in the rivers, those you shall eat.</li> <li>(10) And all that do not have fins and scales in the seas, and in the rivers, of all that move in the waters, and of any living thing which <i>is</i> in the waters, they <i>shall be</i> an abomination to you:</li> <li>(11) They shall be even an abomination to you; you shall not eat of their meat, but you shall consider their dead bodies an abomination.</li> <li>(12) Whatever does not have fins nor scales in the waters, that <i>shall be</i> an abomination to you.</li> <li>(13) And these <i>are those which</i> you shall consider an abomination among the birds; they shall not be eaten, they <i>are</i> an abomination: the eagle, and the ospirage {kind of vulture}, and the ospirage {kind of eagle},</li> <li>(14) And the vulture, and the hawk after its kind;</li> <li>(15) Every raven after its kind;</li> <li>(16) And the swan, and the pelican, and the giver eagle,</li> <li>11:20a - insects that crawl on all fours - literally 11:21b - legs above their feet - like grasshoppe 11:23c - flying crawling things - literally flying</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(19) And the stork, the heron after its kind, and the lapwing, and the bat.</li> <li>(20) All insects<sup>a</sup> that crawl, going upon all four, shall be an abomination to you.</li> <li>(21) Yet these you may eat of every flying crawling thing that goes upon all four, which has legs above their feet, to leap with upon the earth;<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(22) Even these of them you may eat; the locust after its kind, and the bald locust after its kind, and the beetle after its kind, and the grasshopper after its kind.</li> <li>(23) But all other flying crawling things,<sup>c</sup> which have four feet, shall be an abomination to you.</li> <li>(24) And for these you shall be unclean: whoever touches their dead body shall be unclean until the evening.</li> <li>(25) And whoever carries any of their dead bodies shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the evening.</li> <li>(26) The dead bodies of every beast which divides the hoof, and is not split-footed, nor chews the cud, are unclean to you: everyone who touches them shall be unclean.</li> <li>(27) And whatever moves upon his paws, among all manner of beasts that go on all four, those are unclean to you.</li> <li>(28) And he who carries their dead body shall be unclean until the evening.</li> <li>(26) The dead body shall be unclean until the evening.</li> <li>(27) And whatever moves upon his paws, among all manner of beasts that go on all four, those are unclean to you.</li> <li>(29) These also shall be unclean to you.</li> <li>(29) These also shall be unclean to you among the crawling things that crawl upon the earth; the weasel, and the mouse, and the tortoise after its kind,</li> <li>(30) And the ferret, and the chameleon, and the lizard, and the snail, and the mole.</li> </ul>

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<ul> <li>(31) These are unclean to you among all that crawl: whoever touches them, when they are dead, shall be unclean until the evening.</li> <li>(32) And upon whatever any of them falls upon, when they are dead, it shall be unclean; whether it is any vessel of wood, or clothing, or skin, or sack, whatever vessel it is, in which any work is done, it must be put into water, and it shall be unclean until the evening; so it shall be cleansed.</li> <li>(33) And every earthen vessel, into which any of them falls, whatever is in it shall be unclean; and you shall break it.</li> <li>(34) Of all food which may be eaten, that on which such water comes shall be unclean: and all drink that may be drunk in every such vessel shall be unclean.</li> <li>(35) And everything upon which any part of their dead body falls shall be unclean; whether it is an oven, or ranges for pots, they shall be broken down: because they are unclean, and shall be unclean to you.</li> <li>(36) Nevertheless a fountain or pit, in which there is plenty of water, shall be clean: but that which touches their dead body falls upon any sowing seed which is to be sown, it shall be unclean.</li> <li>(38) But if any water is put upon the seed, and any part of their dead body falls upon it, it shall be unclean to you.</li> <li>(39) And if any beast, of which you may eat, dies; he who touches its body shall be unclean until the evening.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(40) And he who eats of its dead body shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the evening: he also who carries its dead body shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the evening.</li> <li>(41) And every crawling thing that crawls upon the earth shall be an abomination; it shall not be eaten.</li> <li>(42) Whatever moves upon the belly, and whatever goes upon all four, or whatever has more feet among all crawling things that crawl upon the earth, them you shall not eat; because they are an abomination.</li> <li>(43) You shall not make yourselves abominable with any crawling thing that crawls, neither shall you make yourselves unclean with them, that you should be defiled by them.</li> <li>(44) Because I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God: you shall therefore sanctify yourselves {make yourselves with any manner of crawling thing that crawls upon the crawls upon the earth.</li> <li>(45) Because I am the LORD {Jehovah} Who brings you up out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: you shall therefore be holy, because I am holy.</li> <li>(46) This is the law of the beasts, and of the birds, and of every living creature that moves in the waters, and of every creature that crawls upon the earth:</li> <li>(47) To make a difference between the unclean and the clean, and between the beast that may be eaten and the beast that may not be eaten.</li> </ul>	
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03.010/40 Levineus chapter 11 101 (1 age 100)		

#### {03} Leviticus Chapter 12 Chapter 13 (1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to (1) And the LORD spoke to Moses and Moses, saying, Aaron, saying, (2) Speak to the children of Israel, saying, If (2) When a man shall have in the skin of his a woman has conceived a child, and borne a flesh a rising, a scab, or bright spot, and it is male child: then she shall be unclean seven in the skin of his flesh like the plague of days; according to the days of the leprosy; then he shall be brought to Aaron separation because of her infirmity she shall the priest, or to one of his sons the priests: be unclean. (3) And the priest shall look on the plague (3) And in the eighth day the flesh of his in the skin of the flesh: and *when* the hair in foreskin shall be circumcised. the plague is turned white, and the plague in (4) And she shall then continue in the sight *is* deeper than the skin of his flesh, it *is* blood of her purifying thirty-three days; she a plague of leprosy: and the priest shall look shall not touch any hallowed {holy} thing, on him, and pronounce him unclean. nor come into the sanctuary, until the days (4) If the bright spot *is* white in the skin of of her purifying are fulfilled.<sup>a</sup> his flesh, and in sight is not deeper than the (5) But if she bears a female child, then she skin, and its hair is not turned white; then shall be unclean two weeks, as in her the priest shall shut up him who has the separation: and she shall continue in the plague seven days: blood of her purifying sixty-six days.b (5) And the priest shall look on him the (6) And when the days of her purifying are seventh day: and, if the plague in his sight fulfilled, for a son, or for a daughter, she has stopped growing, and the plague does shall bring a lamb of the first year for a not spread in the skin; then the priest shall burnt offering, and a young pigeon, or a shut him up seven days more: turtledove, for a sin offering, to the door of (6) And the priest shall look on him again the tabernacle of the congregation, to the the seventh day: and, if the plague is priest: somewhat dark, and the plague has not spread in the skin, the priest shall (7) Who shall offer it before the LORD {Jehovah}, and make an atonement for her; pronounce him clean: it is but a scab: and he and she shall be cleansed from the issue of shall wash his clothes, and be clean. her blood. This is the law for her who has (7) But if the scab spreads much abroad in born a male or a female. the skin, after he has been seen by the priest (8) And if she is not able to bring a lamb, for his cleansing, he shall be seen of the then she shall bring two turtledoves, or two priest again: young pigeons;<sup>c</sup> the one for the burnt (8) And *if* the priest sees that, indeed, the offering, and the other for a sin offering: scab spreads in the skin, then the priest and the priest shall make an atonement for shall pronounce him unclean: it is a leprosy. her, and she shall be clean. 12:4a - i.e. a total of 40 days - See Luke 2:22 12:5b - i.e. a total of 80 days 12:8c - Luke 2:24

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<ul> <li>(9) When the plague of leprosy is in a man, then he shall be brought to the priest;</li> <li>(10) And the priest shall see him: and, if the rising is white in the skin, and it has turned the hair white, and there is live raw flesh in the rising;</li> <li>(11) It is an old leprosy in the skin of his flesh, and the priest shall pronounce him unclean, and shall not shut him up: because he is unclean.</li> <li>(12) And if a leprosy breaks out abroad in the skin, and the leprosy covers all the skin of him who has the plague from his head even to his foot, wherever the priest looks;</li> <li>(13) Then the priest shall consider: and, if the leprosy has covered all his flesh, he shall pronounce him clean who has the plague: it is all turned white: he is clean.</li> <li>(14) But when raw flesh appears in him, he shall be unclean.</li> <li>(15) And the priest shall see the raw flesh, and pronounce him to be unclean: because the raw flesh is unclean: it is a leprosy.</li> <li>(16) Or if the raw flesh turns again, and is changed to white, he shall come to the priest;</li> <li>(17) And the priest shall see him: and, if the plague has turned into white; then the priest shall pronounce him clean who has the plague has turned into white; then the priest;</li> <li>(20) And in the place of the boil there is a white rising, or a bright spot, white, and somewhat reddish, and it is shown to the priest;</li> <li>(20) And if, when the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is a leprosy white, is na pague of leprosy broken out of the boil.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(21) But if the priest looks on it, and, <i>there is</i> no white hairs in it, and <i>if</i> it <i>is</i> not lower than the skin, but <i>is</i> somewhat dark; then the priest shall shut him up seven days:</li> <li>(22) And if it spreads much abroad in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it <i>is</i> a plague.</li> <li>(23) But if the bright spot stays in its place, <i>and</i> does not spread, it <i>is</i> a burning boil; and the priest shall pronounce him clean.</li> <li>(24) Or if there is <i>any</i> flesh, in the skin of which <i>there is</i> a hot burning, and the quick <i>flesh</i> that burns has a white bright spot, somewhat reddish, or white;</li> <li>(25) Then the priest shall look upon it: and, <i>if</i> the hair in the bright spot has turned white, and it <i>is in</i> appearance deeper than the skin; it <i>is</i> a leprosy broken out of the burning: therefore the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it <i>is</i> the plague of leprosy.</li> <li>(26) But if the priest looks on it, and, <i>there is</i> no white hair in the bright spot, and it <i>is</i> no lower than the <i>other</i> skin, but <i>is</i> somewhat dark; then the priest shall shut him up seven days:</li> <li>(27) And the priest shall look upon him the seventh day: <i>and</i> if it has spread much abroad in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it <i>is</i> the plague of leprosy.</li> <li>(28) And if the bright spot stays in its place, <i>and</i> does not spread in the skin, but it <i>is</i> somewhat dark; it <i>is</i> a rising of the burning, and the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it <i>of</i> the burning.</li> <li>(29) If a man or woman has a plague upon the head or the beard;</li> </ul>

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(30) Then the priest shall see the plague: (40) And the man whose hair is fallen off and, if it is in appearance deeper than the his head, he is bald; yet is he clean. skin; and there is in it a yellow thin hair; (41) And he who has his hair fallen off from then the priest shall pronounce him the part of his head towards his face, his unclean: it is a dry scab, even a leprosy forehead is bald: yet he is clean. upon the head or beard. (42) And if there is in the bald head, or bald (31) And if the priest looks on the plague of forehead, a white reddish sore; it is a leprosy sprung up in his bald head, or his bald the scab, and, it is not in appearance deeper than the skin, and that there is no black hair forehead. (43) Then the priest shall look upon it: and, in it; then the priest shall shut up him who if the rising of the sore is white reddish in has the plague of the scab seven days: his bald head, or in his bald forehead, as the (32) And in the seventh day the priest shall leprosy appears in the skin of the flesh; look on the plague: and, if the scab does not (44) He is a leprous man, he is unclean: the spread, and there is in it no yellow hair, and priest shall pronounce him completely the scab is not in appearance deeper than unclean; his plague *is* in his head. the skin; (45) And the leper in whom the plague is, (33) He shall be shaven, but the scab he his clothes shall be torn, and his head bare, shall not shave; and the priest shall shut up and he shall put a covering upon his upper him who has the scab seven days more: lip, and shall cry, Unclean, unclean. (34) And in the seventh day the priest shall (46) All the days in which the plague *shall* look on the scab: and, if the scab is not *be* in him he shall be defiled; he *is* unclean: spread in the skin, nor is in appearance he shall live alone; his home shall be outside deeper than the skin; then the priest shall the camp. pronounce him clean: and he shall wash his (47) The clothing also that the plague of clothes, and be clean. leprosy is in, whether it is woolen clothing, (35) But if the scab spreads much in the or linen clothing; skin after his cleansing; (48) Whether *it is* in the material, or trim; (36) Then the priest shall look on him: and, of linen, or of woolen; whether in a skin, or if the scab is spread in the skin, the priest in anything made of skin; shall not look for yellow hair; he is unclean. (49) And if the plague is greenish or reddish (37) But if the scab is in his sight has in the clothing, or in the skin, either in the stopped growing, and that there is black material, or in the trim, or in any thing of hair grown up in it; the scab is healed, he is clean: and the priest shall pronounce him skin; it *is* a plague of leprosy, and shall be shown to the priest: clean. (50) And the priest shall look upon the (38) If a man also or a woman has in the plague, and shut it up that has the plague skin of their flesh bright spots, even white seven days: bright spots; (39) Then the priest shall look: and, *if* the bright spots in the skin of their flesh is darkish white; it is a freckled spot that grows in the skin; he *is* clean.

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(51) And he shall look on the plague on the (59) This *is* the law of the plague of leprosy seventh day: if the plague is spread in the in a clothing of woolen or linen, either in the material, or trim, or anything of skins, to clothing, either in the material, or in the pronounce it clean, or to pronounce it trim, or in a skin, or in any work that is unclean. made of skin; the plague is a fretting leprosy; it is unclean. Chapter 14 (52) He shall therefore burn that clothing, (1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to whether material or trim, in woolen or in Moses, saying, linen, or anything of skin, in which the (2) This shall be the law of the leper in the plague is: because it is a leprosy that eats day of his cleansing: He shall be brought to away; it shall be burnt in the fire. the priest: (53) And if the priest shall look, and, if the (3) And the priest shall go forth out of the plague has not spread in the clothing, either camp; and the priest shall look, and, indeed, in the material, or in the trim, or in if the plague of leprosy has healed in the anything of skin; leper: (54) Then the priest shall command that (4) Then the priest shall command him who they wash the thing in which the plague is, is to be cleansed to take for himself two and he shall shut it up seven days more: birds alive and clean, and cedar wood, and (55) And the priest shall look on the plague, scarlet, and hyssop: after it is washed: and, if the plague has not (5) And the priest shall command that one changed its color, and the plague is not of the birds be killed in an earthen vessel spread; it is unclean; you shalt burn it in the over running water: fire; it is eaten away inside, whether it is (6) As for the living bird, he shall take it, bare inside or outside. and the cedar wood, and the scarlet, and the (56) And if the priest looks, and, the plague hyssop, and shall dip them and the living is somewhat dark after its washing; then he bird in the blood of the bird that was killed shall tear it out of the clothing, or out of the over the running water: skin, or out of the material, or out of the (7) And he shall sprinkle upon him who is trim: to be cleansed from the leprosy seven times, (57) And if it appears still in the clothing, and shall pronounce him clean, and shall let either in the material, or in the trim, or in the living bird loose into the open field. any thing of skin; it is a spreading plague: (8) And he who is to be cleansed shall wash you shall burn that in which the plague is his clothes, and shave off all his hair, and with fire. wash himself in water, that he may be clean: (58) And the clothing, either material, or and after that he shall come into the camp, trim, or whatever thing of skin it is, which and shall remain outside of his tent seven you shall wash, if the plague has departed days. from them, then it shall be washed the second time, and shall be clean.

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<ul> <li>(25) And he shall kill the lamb of the trespass offering, and the priest shall take some of the blood of the trespass offering, and put <i>it</i> upon the tip of the right ear of him who is to be cleansed, and upon the the palm of his own left hand:</li> <li>(26) And the priest shall pour of the oil into the palm of his own left hand:</li> <li>(27) And the priest shall sprinkle with his right finger some of the oil that <i>is</i> in his left hand seven times before the LORD {Jehovah}:</li> <li>(28) And the priest shall put of the oil that <i>is</i> in his hand upon the tip of the right ear of him who is to be cleansed, and upon the great toe of his right foot, upon the place of the blood of the trespass offering;</li> <li>(29) And the rest of the oil that <i>is</i> in the priest shall opt upon the place of the turtledoves, or of the young pigeons, such as he can get;</li> <li>(31) Even such as he is able to get, the one for a sin offering, with the meat offering; and the other for a burnt offering, with the meat offering; and the back the city into an unclean place:</li> <li>(42) And they shall take other stones, and put <i>them</i> in the place of those stones; and the young pigeons, such as he can get;</li> <li>(31) Even such as he is able to get, the one for a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering, with the meat offering; and the priest shall make an atonement for him who is to be cleansed before the LORD (Jahovah).</li> <li>(31) Even such as he is able to get, the one for a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering, with the meat offering; and the other for a burnt offering, with the meat offering; and the priest shall make an atonement for him who is to be cleansed before the LORD (Jahovah).</li> <li>(34) And if the plague comes again, and (Jahovah) he had before the LORD (Jahovah).</li> <li>(35) And he shall cause the house to be scraped inside all around, and they shall plaster the house.</li> <li>(36) Then the priest shall come again the shall take other mortar, and shall plaster the house.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>{Jehovah}.</li> <li>(32) This is the law of him in whom the plague of leprosy is, whose hand is not able to get that which pertains to his cleansing.</li> <li>(33) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses and to Aaron, saying,</li> <li>(34) When you have come into the land of Canaan, which I give to you for a possession, and I put the plague of leprosy in a house of the land of your possession;</li> <li>break out in the house, after he has taken away the stones, and after it is plastered;</li> <li>(44) Then the priest shall come and look, and, <i>if</i> the plague has spread in the house; it <i>is</i> a leprosy that eats away in the house: it <i>is</i> unclean.</li> </ul>

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03.024/46 Leviticus Chapter 15 KJP (Page 176)

	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(32) This <i>is</i> the law of him who has an issue, and <i>of him</i> whose semen goes from him, and is defiled by it;</li> <li>(33) And of her who is sick in her period, and of him who has an issue, of the man, and of the woman, and of him who lies with her who is unclean.</li> <li><b>Chapter 16</b> <ul> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses after the death of the two sons of Aaron, when they offered before the LORD {Jehovah}, and died;<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(2) And the LORD {Jehovah} said to Moses, Speak to Aaron your brother, that he not come at all times into the holy <i>place</i> inside the curtain before the mercy seat, which <i>is</i> upon the ark; that he not die: because I will appear in the cloud upon the mercy seat.</li> <li>(3) In this way Aaron shall come into the holy <i>place</i>: with a young bull for a sin offering, and a ram for a burnt offering.</li> <li>(4) He shall put on the holy linen coat, and he shall have the linen pants upon his flesh, and shall be tied with a linen belt, and with the linen hat he shall be dressed: these <i>are</i> holy clothes; therefore he shall wash his flesh in water, and <i>so</i> put them on.</li> <li>(5) And he shall take of the congregation of the children of Israel two kids of the goats for a sin offering, which <i>is</i> for himself, and make an atonement for himself, and for his house.</li> <li>(7) And he shall take the two goats, and present them before the LORD {Jehovah} <i>at</i> the door of the tabernacle of the congregation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(8) And Aaron shall cast lots upon the two goats; one lot for the LORD {Jehovah}, and the other lot for the scapegoat.</li> <li>(9) And Aaron shall bring the goat upon which the LORD's {Jehovah's} lot fell, and offer him <i>for</i> a sin offering.</li> <li>(10) But the goat, on which the lot fell to be the scapegoat, shall be presented alive before the LORD {Jehovah}, to make an atonement with him, <i>and</i> to let him go for a scapegoat into the wilderness.</li> <li>(11) And Aaron shall bring the bull of the sin offering, which <i>is</i> for himself, and for his house, and shall kill the bull of the sin offering which <i>is</i> for himself?</li> <li>(12) And he shall take a censer full of burning coals of fire from off the altar before the LORD {Jehovah}, that the cloud of the incense upon the fire before the LORD {Jehovah}, that the cloud of the incense may cover the mercy seat that <i>is</i> upon the testimony, that he not die:</li> <li>(14) And he shall take of the blood of the bull, and sprinkle <i>it</i> with his finger upon the mercy seat he shall sprinkle of the blood with his finger seven times.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>16:1a – Lev. 10:1</li> <li>16:5b - two goats will be presented; one a sacrifice for sin, the other set free <ul> <li>Mat. 27:16; Mk. 15:7; Lk. 23:18; Jn. 18:40</li> </ul> </li> <li>16:12c – inside the curtain – into the Holy of Holies</li> </ul>	

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	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(31) It <i>shall be</i> a sabbath of rest to you, and you shall afflict your souls, by a law forever.</li> <li>(32) And the priest, whom he shall anoint, and whom he shall consecrate {set apart as holy} to minister in the priest's office in his father's place, shall make the atonement, and shall put on the linen clothes, <i>even</i> the holy clothes:</li> <li>(33) And he shall make an atonement for the holy sanctuary, and he shall make an atonement for the tabernacle of the congregation, and for the altar, and he shall make an atonement for the tabernacle of the congregation, and for the altar, and he shall make an atonement for the tabernacle of the congregation.</li> <li>(34) And this shall be an everlasting law to you, to make an atonement for the children of Israel for all their sins once a year. And he did as the LORD {Jehovah} commanded Moses.</li> <li>Chapter 17 <ul> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(2) Speak to Aaron, and to his sons, and to all the children of Israel, and say to them; This <i>is</i> the thing which the LORD {Jehovah} has commanded, saying,</li> <li>(3) What man whoever <i>there is</i> of the house of Israel, who kills an ox, or lamb, or goat {for a sacrifice}, in the camp, or who kills <i>it</i> out of the camp,</li> <li>(4) And does not bring it to the door of the tabernacle of the LORD {Jehovah} before the tabernacle of the tothat man; he has shed blood; and that man shall be cut off from among his people:<sup>a</sup></li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>(5) To the end that the children of Israel may bring their sacrifices, which they offer in the open field, even that they may bring them to the LORD {Jehovah}, to the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, to the priest, and offer them <i>for</i> peace offerings to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(6) And the priest shall sprinkle the blood upon the altar of the LORD {Jehovah} <i>at</i> the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, and burn the fat for a sweet aroma to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(7) And they shall no more offer their sacrifices to demons, after whom they have gone prostituting. This shall be a law forever to them throughout their generations.</li> <li>(8) And you shall say to them, Whoever <i>there is</i> of the house of Israel, or of the strangers who live among you, who offers a burnt offering or sacrifice,</li> <li>(9) And does not bring it to the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, to offer it to the LORD {Jehovah}; even that man shall be cut off from among his people.</li> <li>(10) And whatever man <i>there is</i> of the house of Israel, or of the strangers who ilve against that soul who eats blood, and will cut him off from among his people.</li> <li>(11) Because the life of the flesh <i>is</i> in the blood: and I have given it to you upon the altar to make an atonement for your souls: because it <i>is</i> the blood <i>that</i> makes an atonement for the soul.</li> <li>(12) Therefore I said to the children of Israel, None of you shall eat blood, neither shall any stranger who lives among you eat blood.</li> </ul>

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	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(13) And whoever is of the children of Israel, or of the strangers who lives among you, who hunts and catches any beast or bird that may be eaten; he shall even pour out its blood, and cover it with dust.</li> <li>(14) Because <i>it is</i> the life of all flesh; its blood <i>is</i> for its life: therefore I said to the children of Israel, You shall eat the blood of no manner of flesh: because the life of all flesh <i>is</i> its blood: whoever eats it shall be cut off.</li> <li>(15) And every soul who eats that which died of <i>itself</i>, or that which was torn <i>with beasts, whether it is</i> one of your own country, or a stranger, he shall both wash his clothes, and bathe <i>himself</i> in water, and be unclean until the evening: then he shall be clean.</li> <li>(16) But if he does not wash <i>them</i>, nor bathe his flesh; then he shall bear his sin.</li> <li><b>Chapter 18</b></li> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(2) Speak to the children of Israel, and say to them, I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(3) You shall not do according to the deeds of the land of Canaan, where I bring you: neither shall you walk according to their laws.</li> <li>(4) You shall do My judgments, and keep My commands, to walk in them: I <i>am</i> the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(6) None of you shall approach to any who are near of kin to him, to uncover <i>their</i> nakedness: I <i>am</i> the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(7) The nakedness of your father, or the nakedness of your mother, you shall not uncover: she <i>is</i> your mother; you shall not uncover her nakedness.</li> <li>(8) The nakedness of your father's wife you shall not uncover: she <i>is</i> your father's wife you shall not uncover: she <i>is</i> your father's wife you shall not uncover: she <i>is</i> your sister, the daughter of your father, or daughter of your mother, <i>whether she is</i> born at home, or born abroad, <i>even</i> their nakedness you shall not uncover.</li> <li>(10) The nakedness of your son's daughter, or of your daughter's daughter, <i>even</i> their nakedness.</li> <li>(11) The nakedness of your father's wife's daughter, fathered by your father's near kinswoman.</li> <li>(12) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's near kinswoman.</li> <li>(13) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's near kinswoman.</li> <li>(14) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's near kinswoman.</li> <li>(15) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's side: she <i>is</i> your and.</li> <li>(16) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's near kinswoman.</li> <li>(16) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's near kinswoman.</li> <li>(17) You shall not uncover the nakedness of your father's near kinswoman.</li> </ul>

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# {03} Leviticus

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<ul> <li>(17) You shall not uncover the nakedness of a woman and her daughter, neither shall you take her son's daughter, or her daughter's daughter, to uncover her nakedness; because they are her near kinswomen: it is wickedness.</li> <li>(18) Neither shall you take a wife of her sister, to harass her, to uncover her nakedness, beside the other in her life time.</li> <li>(19) Also you shall not approach to a woman to uncover her nakedness, as long as she is in her period.</li> <li>(20) Moreover you shall not lie sexually with your neighbor's wife, to defile yourself with her.</li> <li>(21) And you shall not let any of your children pass through the fire to Molech {pagan sun god},<sup>a</sup> neither shall you profane the Name of your God: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(22) You shall not lie with mankind, as with womankind: it is abomination.</li> <li>(23) Neither shall you lie with any beast to defile yourself with it: neither shall any woman stand before a beast to lie down with it: it is confusion.</li> <li>(24) Do not defile yourselves in any of these things: because in all these the nations are defiled which I cast out before you:</li> <li>(25) And the land is defiled: therefore I visit its sin upon it, and the land itself vomits out those who live in her.</li> <li>(26) You shall therefore keep My laws and My commandments, and shall not commit any of these abominations; not any of your own nation, nor any stranger who lives among you:</li> <li>(27) (Because all these abominations the men of the land have done, which were before you, and the land is defiled;)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(28) That the land not spit you out also, when you defile it, as it spit out the nations that were before you.</li> <li>(29) Because whoever shall commit any of these abominations, even the souls that commit them shall be cut off from among their people.</li> <li>(30) Therefore you shall keep My commandment, that you not commit any one of these abominable customs, which were committed before you, and that you do not defile yourselves in them: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>Chapter 19 <ul> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(2) Speak to all the congregation of the children of Israel, and say to them, You shall be holy: because I the LORD {Jehovah} your God am holy.</li> <li>(3) Everyone shall fear {revere}<sup>a</sup> his mother, and his father, and keep My sabbaths {Saturdays; days of rest}: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(4) Do not turn to idols, nor make to yourselves molten gods: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(5) And if you offer a sacrifice of peace offerings to the LORD {Jehovah}, you shall offer it at your own will.</li> <li>(6) It shall be eaten the same day you offer it, and on the morning after: and if any remains until the third day, it shall be burnt in the fire.</li> <li>(7) And if it is eaten at all on the third day, it is abominable; it shall not be accepted.</li> </ul></li></ul>
18:21a - Molech [כלך] - "king" - idol made to the sun god - the Ammorites and later the Israelites {Ezek. 16:20} were guilty of sacrificing their children by fire to this idol. 19:3a – fear – revere; reverence; honor – Ex. 20:12; Deut. 5:16; Mat. 15:4-6	

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{03} I	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(8) Therefore <i>everyone</i> who eats it shall bear his sin, because he has profaned the hallowed thing {holy thing} of the LORD {Jehovah}: and that soul shall be cut off from among his people.</li> <li>(9) And when you reap the harvest of your land, you shall not wholly reap the corners of your field, neither shall you gather the gleanings of your harvest.</li> <li>(10) And you shall not glean your vineyard, neither shall you gather <i>every</i> grape of your vineyard; you shall not steal, neither deal falsely, neither lie one to another.</li> <li>(12) And you shall not steal, neither deal falsely, neither lie one to another.</li> <li>(12) And you shall not defraud your neighbor, neither rob <i>him</i>: the wages of he who is hired shall not curse the deaf, nor put a stumbling block before the blind, but shall fear {revere} your God: I <i>am</i> the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(15) You shall do no unrighteousness in judgment: you shall not show partiality to the poor, nor honor the person of the mighty: <i>but</i> in righteousness you shall judge your neighbor.</li> <li>(16) You shall not go up and down <i>as</i> a gossip among your people: neither shall you stand against the blood of your neighbor: I <i>am</i> the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(17) You shall not hat your brother in your heart: you shall in any wise rebuke your neighbor, and not allow sin upon him.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(18) You shall not avenge, nor bear any grudge against the children of your people, but you shall love your neighbor as yourself.<sup>b</sup> I an the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(19) You shall keep My commands. You shall not let your cattle breed with a different kind: you shall not sow your field with mingled seed: neither shall clothes mingled of linen and wool come upon you.</li> <li>(20) And whoever lies sexually with a woman, who <i>is</i> a bond-maid, engaged to be married to a husband, and not at all redeemed, nor freedom given her; she shall be scourged; she shall not be put to death, because she was not free.</li> <li>(21) And he shall bring his sin offering to the LORD {Jehovah}, to the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, <i>even</i> a ram for a sin offering.</li> <li>(22) And the priest shall make an atonement for him with the ram of the sin offering before the LORD {Jehovah} for his sin which he has done: and the sin which he has done shall be forgiven him.</li> <li>(23) And when you shall come into the land, and shall have planted all manner of trees for food, then you shall count the fruit of it as uncircumcised {unclean}: three years it shall be as uncircumcised {unclean} to you: it shall not be eaten.</li> <li>(24) But in the fourth year all its fruit shall be holy to praise the LORD {Jehovah} <i>with</i>.</li> <li>(25) And in the fifth year you shall et of its fruit, that it may yield to you its increase: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(26) You shall not eat anything with the blood: neither shall you use enchantment, nor observe times.<sup>e</sup></li> </ul>
19:26c – observe times – astrology; horoscopes – Gal. 4:10	

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{03} Leviticus	
<ul> <li>(27) You shall not round the corners of your heads, neither shall you mar the corners of your beard.</li> <li>(28) You shall not make any cuttings in your flesh for the dead, nor print any marks {tattoos}<sup>d</sup> upon you: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(29) Do not prostitute your daughter, to cause her to be a prostitute; lest the land fall into prostitution, and the land become full of wickedness.</li> <li>(30) You shall keep My sabbaths {Saturdays; days of rest}, and honor My sanctuary: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(31) Do not regard those who have familiar spirits, neither seek after wizards, to be defiled by them: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(32) You shall rise up before the gray head, and honor the face of the old man, and fear {revere} your God: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(33) And if a stranger lives with you in your land, you shall not harass him.</li> <li>(34) But the stranger who lives with you shall be to you as one born among you, and you shall love him as yourself; because you were strangers in the land of Egypt: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(35) You shall ances, just weights, a just ephah {about 6 gal.; 22.2 L.}, and a just hin {about a gallon; 3.6 L.}<sup>d</sup> you shall have: I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God, Who brought you out of the land of Egypt.</li> <li>(37) Therefore you shall observe all My laws, and all My judgments, and do them: I am the LORD {Jehovah}</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 20 <ul> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(2) Again, you shall say to the children of Israel, whoever he is of the children of Israel, or of the strangers who live in Israel, who gives any of his children to Molech {pagan sun god}; he shall surely be put to death: the people of the land shall stone him with stones.</li> <li>(3) And I will set My face against that man, and will cut him off from among his people; because he has given of his children to Molech {pagan sun god}, to defile My sanctuary, and to profane My holy Name.</li> <li>(4) And if the people of the land do any way hide their eyes from the man, when he gives of his children to Molech {pagan sun god}, and do not kill him:</li> <li>(5) Then I will set My face against that man, and against his family, and will cut him off, and all who go sinning after him, to commit sin with Molech, from among their people.</li> <li>(6) And the soul that turns after those who have familiar spirits, and after wizards, to go a sinning after them, I will even set My face against that soul, and will cut him off from among his people.</li> <li>(7) Sanctify yourselves {make yourselves holy} therefore, and be holy: because I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God.</li> <li>(8) And you shall keep My laws, and do them: I am the LORD {Jehovah} Who sanctifies you {makes you holy}.</li> <li>(9) Because everyone who curses his father or his mother shall be surely put to death: he has cursed his father or his mother; his blood shall be upon him.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>19:28d - no cuts or tattoos (permanent marks) - i.e. you are made in the image of God - do not mutilate your body - prophets of Baal cut themselves - I Ki. 18:28 - pierced ears as a sign of voluntary slavery is allowed - see Ex. 21:26; Deut. 15:17 - requirements for Gentile Christians Acts 15:29; 21:25 - dress in modesty I Tim. 2:9 - I Ki. 18:28</li> <li>19:36d - just ephah [ephah = 22.2 liters = 24 quarts = 6 gallons = 3 pecks] a dry measure, and a just hin [hin = 1/6 bath = 3.6 liters = 1 gallon] a liquid measure - i.e. be fair in your trading and do not cheat anyone see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u></li> </ul>	

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{03}	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(10) And the man who commits adultery with <i>another</i> man's wife, <i>even he</i> who committed adultery with his neighbor's wife, the adulterer and the adulteress shall surely be put to death.</li> <li>(11) And the man who lies with his father's wife has uncovered his father's nakedness: both of them shall surely be put to death; their blood <i>shall be</i> upon them.</li> <li>(12) And if a man lies with his daughter-in-law, both of them shall surely be put to death: they have done confusion; their blood <i>shall be</i> upon them.</li> <li>(13) If a man also lies with mankind, as he lies with a woman, both of them have committed an abomination: they shall surely be put to death; their blood <i>shall be</i> upon them.</li> <li>(14) And if a man takes a wife and her mother, it <i>is</i> wickedness: they shall be burnt with fire, both he and they; that there be no wickedness among you.</li> <li>(15) And if a woman approaches to any beast, and lies down with it {to have sex with it}, you shall kill the woman, and the beast: they shall surely be put to death; their blood <i>shall be</i> upon them.</li> <li>(17) And if a man shall take his sister, his father's daughter, or his mother's daughter, and see her nakedness, and she see his nakedness; it <i>is</i> a wicked thing; and they shall be cut off in the sight of their people: he has uncovered his sister's nakedness; he shall bear his sin.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(18) And if a man shall lie with a woman having her period, and shall uncover her nakedness; he has discovered her fountain, and she has uncovered the fountain of her blood: and both of them shall be cut off from among their people.</li> <li>(19) And you shall not uncover the nakedness of your mother's sister, nor of your father's sister: because he uncovers his near kin: they shall bear their sin.</li> <li>(20) And if a man shall lie with his uncle's wife, he has uncovered his uncle's nakedness: they shall bear their sin; they shall die childless.</li> <li>(21) And if a man shall take his brother's wife, it <i>is</i> an unclean thing: he has uncovered his uncovered his brother's nakedness; they shall be childless.</li> <li>(22) You shall therefore keep all My laws, and all My judgments, and do them: that the land, where I bring you to live in, not spew you out.</li> <li>(23) And you shall not walk in the manners of the nation, which I cast out before you: because they committed all these things, and therefore I abhorred {despised} them.</li> <li>(24) But I have said to you, You shall inherit their land, and I will give it to you to possess it, a land that flows with milk and honey: I <i>am</i> the LORD {Jehovah} your God, Who has separated you from <i>other</i> people.</li> <li>(25) You shall therefore put difference between unclean birds and clean: and you shall not make your souls abominable by beast, or by bird, or by any manner of living thing that crawls on the ground, which I have separated from you as unclean.</li> </ul>

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<ul> <li>{03} Le</li> <li>(26) And you shall be holy to Me: because I the LORD {Jehovah} am holy, and have separated you from other people, that you should be Mine.</li> <li>(27) A man also or woman who has a familiar spirit, or who is a wizard, shall surely be put to death: they shall stone them with stones: their blood shall be upon them.</li> <li>Chapter 21 <ol> <li>And the LORD {Jehovah} said to Moses, Speak to the priests the sons of Aaron, and say to them, There shall none be defiled for the dead among his people:</li> <li>Except for his kin, who is near to him, that is, for his mother, and for his father, and for his son, and for his daughter, and for his brother,</li> <li>And for his sister a virgin, who is near to him, who has had no husband; for her he may be defiled.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>But he shall not defile himself, being a chief man among his people, to profane himself.</li> <li>They shall not make baldness upon their head, neither shall they shave off the corner of their beard, nor make any cuttings in their flesh.</li> <li>They shall be holy to their God, and not profane the Name of their God, they offer: therefore they shall be holy.</li> <li>They shall not take a wife who is a prostitute, or profane; neither shall they take a woman divorced from her husband; because he <i>is</i> holy to his God.</li> <li>You shall sanctify him {make him holy} therefore; because he offers the bread of your God: he shall be holy to you: because I the LORD {Jehovah}, Who sanctify you, am holy.</li> </ol> </li> <li>21:3a - i.e. a priest may defile himself to move a 21:11b - the high priest is not allowed to profane his father or his mother</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(9) And the daughter of any priest, if she profanes herself by playing the prostitute, she profanes her father: she shall be burnt with fire.</li> <li>(10) And he who is the high priest among his brothers, upon whose head the anointing oil was poured, and that is consecrated {made holy} to put on the clothes, shall not uncover his head, nor tear his clothes;</li> <li>(11) Neither shall he go in to any dead body, nor defile himself for his father, or for his mother;<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(12) Neither shall he go out of the sanctuary, nor profane the sanctuary of his God; because the crown of the anointing oil of his God is upon him: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(13) And he shall take a wife in her virginity.</li> <li>(14) A widow, or a divorced woman, or profane, or a prostitute, these he shall not take: but he shall take a virgin of his own people to be his wife.</li> <li>(15) Neither shall he profane his children among his people: because I the LORD {Jehovah} sanctify him.</li> <li>(16) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(17) Speak to Aaron, saying, Whoever of your descendants in their generations who has any blemish, let him not approach to offer the bread of his God.</li> <li>(18) Because whoever has a blemish, he shall not approach: a blind man, or a lame, or he who has a flat nose, or anything superfluous,</li> <li>(19) Or a man who is broken-footed, or broken-handed,</li> <li>(20) Or crook-backed, or a dwarf, or who has a blemish in his eye, or be scurvy, or scabbed, or has his stones broker;</li> </ul>

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{03}	Leviticus
<ul> <li>(18) Speak to Aaron, and to his sons, and to all the children of Israel, and say to them, Whoever of the house of Israel, or of the strangers in Israel, who will offer his offering for all his vows, and for all his freewill offerings, which they will offer to the LORD {Jehovah} for a burnt offering;</li> <li>(19) You shall offer at your own will a male without blemish, of the beef, of the sheep, or of the goats.</li> <li>(20) But whatever has a blemish, that you shall not offer: because it shall not be acceptable for you.</li> <li>(21) And whoever offers a sacrifice of peace offerings to the LORD {Jehovah} to accomplish his vow, or a freewill offering in beef or sheep, it shall be perfect to be accepted; there shall be no blemish in it.</li> <li>(22) Blind, or broken, or maimed, or having a running sore, or scurvy, or scabbed, you shall not offer these to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(23) Either a bull or a lamb that has anything superfluous or lacking in his parts, that you may offer for a freewill offering; but for a vow it shall not be accepted.</li> <li>(24) You shall not offer to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(25) Neither from a stranger's hand shall you offer the bread of your God of any of these; because their corruption <i>is</i> in them, and blemishes are in them: they shall not be accepted for you.</li> <li>(26) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(27) When a bull, or a sheep, or a goat, is born, then it shall be seven days under its mother; and from the eighth day and that time forth it shall be accepted for an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(28) And whether it is cow or ewe, you shall not kill it and her young both in one day.</li> <li>(29) And when you will offer a sacrifice of thanksgiving to the LORD {Jehovah}, offer it at your own will.</li> <li>(30) On the same day it shall be eaten up; you shall leave none of it until the morning: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(31) Therefore you shall keep My commandments, and do them: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(32) Neither shall you profane My holy Name; but I will be hallowed {honored} among the children of Israel: I am the LORD {Jehovah} Who hallows you {makes you holy}.</li> <li>(33) Who brought you out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(21) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying.</li> <li>(22) Speak to the children of Israel, and say to them, <i>Concerning</i> the feasts of the LORD {Jehovah}, which you shall protaim to be holy assemblies, even these are My feasts.<sup>a</sup></li> <li>(3) Six days shall work be done: but the seventh day {Saturday} is the sabbath of rest, a holy assembly; you shall do no work in it: it is the sabbath of the LORD {Jehovah} in all your homes.</li> </ul>

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{03} Leviticus	
<ul> <li>(4) These are the feasts of the LORD {Jehovah}, even holy assemblies, which you shall proclaim in their seasons.</li> <li>(5) In the fourteenth day of the first month {Nisan [March-April]} at evening is the LORD's {Jehovah's} Passover.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(6) And on the fifteenth day of the same month is the Feast of Unleavened bread to the LORD {Jehovah}: seven days you must eat unleavened bread.</li> <li>(7) On the first day you shall have a holy assembly: you shall of no work of labor in it.</li> <li>(8) But you shall offer an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah} seven days: in the seventh day is a holy assembly: you shall do no work of labor in it.</li> <li>(9) And the LORD {Jehovah} seven days: in the seventh day is a holy assembly: you shall do no physical work in it.</li> <li>(9) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(10) Speak to the children of Israel, and say to them, When you have come into the land which I give to you, and shall reap its harvest, then you shall bring a sheaf of the first fruits of your harvest to the priest:</li> <li>(11) And he shall wave the sheaf before the LORD {Jehovah}, to be accepted for you: on the morning after the sabbath {Saturday} [Easter]<sup>c</sup> the priest shall wave it.</li> <li>(12) And you shall offer that day when you wave the sheaf a male lamb without blemish of the first year for a burnt offering to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(13) And its meat offering shall be two tenth deals of fine flour {omer; 0.1 ephah} {about 4.6 qts.; 4.4 L.}<sup>d</sup> mingled with oil, an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah} for a sweet aroma: and its drink offering shall be of wine, the fourth part of a hin {about a quart; a little less than a liter}.<sup>e</sup></li> <li>(14) And you shall eat neither bread, nor parched corn, nor green ears, until the same day that you have brought an offering to your God: it shall be a law forever throughout your generations in all your homes.<sup>f</sup></li> <li>(15) And you shall count from the morning after the sabbath {Saturday; Easter}, from the day that you brought the sheaf of the wave offering; seven complete sabbaths {Saturdays}:</li> <li>(16) Even to the morning after the seventh sabbath {Saturday} you shall offer a new meat offering to the LORD {Jehovah}.<sup>g</sup></li> <li>(17) You shall bring out of your homes two wave loaves of two tenth deals {omer; 0.1 ephah} {about 4.6 qts.; 4.4 L.}: they shall be of fine flour; they shall be baked with leaven; they are the first fruits to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>23:5b - fourteenth day of the first month at evening - {month of Nisan [March-April]} <ul> <li>see <u>Appendix K: What Day of The Week Was Jesus Crucified?</u> - Mat. 26:17f;</li> <li>Mk. 14:12f; Lk. 22:1f; Jn, 13:1f- See <u>Appendix L: The Modern Jewish Calendar and Holy Days</u>. See also <u>The Jewish Calendar</u> at <u>www.TheWordNotes.com</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>23:11c - the morning after the sabbath {Saturday}, after the Passover - the First Fruits Offering <ul> <li>Easter - see <u>Appendix K: What Day of The Week Was Jesus Crucified?</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>23:13d - i.e two omers = 2 x 0.1 ephah = 2 x 2.2 liters = 2 x 2.3 quarts - a little more than a gallon see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u></li> <li>23:13e - fourth of a hin [a hin is about a gallon] - about a quart - a little less than a liter</li> <li>23:16g - 50 days from Easter, counting Easter is Pentecost</li> </ul>	

03.036/46 Leviticus Chapter 23 KJP (Page 188)

{03} Leviticus	
(18) And you shall offer with the bread seven lambs without blemish of the first	(27) Also on the tenth <i>day</i> of this seventh month {Tishri [SeptOct.]} <i>there shall be</i> a
year, and one young bull, and two rams:	Day of Atonement {Yom Kippur}: <sup>i</sup> it shall be
they shall be <i>for</i> a burnt offering to the	a holy assembly to you; and you shall afflict
LORD {Jehovah}, with their meat offering,	your souls, and offer an offering made by
and their drink offerings, even an offering	fire to the LORD {Jehovah}.
made by fire, of sweet aroma to the LORD	(28) And you shall do no work in that same
{Jehovah}.	day: because it is a Day of Atonement {Yom
(19) Then you shall sacrifice one kid of the	Kippur}, to make an atonement for you
goats for a sin offering, and two lambs of the	before the LORD {Jehovah} your God.
first year for a sacrifice of peace offerings.	(29) Because whoever shall not be afflicted
(20) And the priest shall wave them with	on that day, he shall be cut off from among
the bread of the first fruits for a wave	his people.
offering before the LORD {Jehovah}, with	(30) And whoever does any work on that
the two lambs: they shall be holy to the LORD {Jehovah} for the priest.	day, that soul I will destroy from among his people.
(21) And you shall proclaim on the very	(31) You shall do no manner of work: <i>it</i>
same day, <i>that</i> it may be a holy assembly to	shall be a law forever throughout your
you: you shall do no physical work <i>in it: it</i>	generations in all your homes.
shall be a law forever in all your homes	(32) It <i>shall be</i> to you a sabbath of rest, and
throughout your generations.	you shall afflict your souls: in the ninth <i>day</i>
(22) And when you reap the harvest of your	of the month at evening, from evening to
land, you shall not make clean riddance of	evening, you shall celebrate your sabbath.
the corners of your field when you reap,	(33) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to
neither shall you gather any gleaning of	Moses, saying,
your harvest: you shall leave them to the	(34) Speak to the children of Israel, saying,
poor, and to the stranger: I <i>am</i> the LORD	The fifteenth day of this seventh month
{Jehovah} your God. (23) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to	{Tishri [SeptOct.]} <i>shall be</i> the Feast of Tabernacles <sup><i>j</i></sup> <i>for</i> seven days to the LORD
Moses, saving,	{Jehovah}.
(24) Speak to the children of Israel, saying,	(35) On the first day <i>shall be</i> a holy
In the seventh month {Tishri [SeptOct.]},	assembly: you shall do no physical work <i>in</i>
on the first <i>day</i> of the month, you shall have	it.
a sabbath, a memorial of blowing of	(36) Seven days you shall offer an offering
trumpets, a holy assembly. <sup>h</sup>	made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}: on the
(25) You shall do no physical work <i>in it</i> : but	eighth day shall be a holy assembly to you;
you shall offer an offering made by fire to	and you shall offer an offering made by fire
the LORD {Jehovah}.	to the LORD {Jehovah}: it is a solemn
(26) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to	assembly; and you shall do no physical work
Moses, saying,	in it.
23:24h - first day of the seventh month {month	of Tighri [Contombon October] a blowing of
trumpets - also referred to as the Feast of	
{New Year}	n frampets - modern Rosn frashanan
23:27i - tenth day of the seventh month - the Da	iv of Atonement {Yom Kippur}
23:34j - fifteenth day of the seventh month is th	

03.037/46 Leviticus Chapter 23 KJP (Page 189)

{03} Le	eviticus
<ul> <li>(37) These are the feasts of the LORD [Jehovah],<sup>k</sup> which you shall proclaim to be holy assemblies, to offer an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}, a burnt offering, and a meat offering, a sacrifice, and drink offerings, everything upon its day:</li> <li>(38) Beside the sabbaths {days of rest} of the LORD {Jehovah}, and beside your gifts, and beside all your rows, and beside all your freewill offerings, which you give to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(39) Also in the fifteenth day of the seventh month {Tishri [SeptOct.]}, when you have gathered in the fruit of the land, you shall keep a feast to the LORD {Jehovah} seven days: on the first day shall be a sabbath.</li> <li>(40) And you shall take for yourselves on the first day the branches of good trees, branches of palm trees, and the branches of thick trees, and willows of the brook; and you shall rejoice before the LORD {Jehovah} your God seven days.</li> <li>(41) And you shall keep it a feast to the LORD {Jehovah} seven days in the year. It shall be a law forever in your generations: you shall celebrate it in the seventh month.</li> <li>(42) You shall live in booths: (43) That your generations may know that I caused the children of Israel to live in booths, when I brought them out of the land of Egypt: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 24 <ol> <li>And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>Command the children of Israel, that they bring to you pure beaten olive oil for the light, to cause the lamps to burn continually.</li> <li>Outside the curtain of the testimony, in the tabernacle of the congregation, Aaron shall order it from the evening to the morning before the LORD {Jehovah} continually: <i>it shall be</i> a law forever in your generations.</li> <li>He shall order the lamps upon the pure candlestick before the LORD {Jehovah} continually.</li> <li>And you shall take fine flour, and bake twelve cakes of it: two tenth deals {omer; 0.1 ephah}{about 4.6 qts.; 4.4 L.}<sup>a</sup> shall be in one cake.</li> <li>And you shall set them in two rows, six on a row, upon the pure table before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>And you shall put pure frankincense upon <i>each</i> row, that it may be on the bread for a memorial, <i>even</i> an offering made by fire to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>Every sabbath {Saturday} he shall set it in order before the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>And it shall be Aaron's and his sons'; and they shall eat it in the holy place: because it <i>is</i> most holy to him of the offerings of the LORD {Jehovah} made by fire by a perpetual statute.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
23:37k - feasts of the LORD - see Lev. 23:2 and Ex. 34:22 24:5a - i.e two omers = 2 x 0.1 ephah = 2 x 2.2 liters = 2 x 2.3 quarts - a little more than a gallon see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u>	
02.028/46 Levitique Chapter 22-24 KIP (Page 100)	

03.038/46 Leviticus Chapter 23-24 KJP (Page 190)

	eviticus
(10) And the son of an Israelitish woman,	(21) And he who kills a beast, he shall
whose father was an Egyptian, went out	restore it: and he who kills a man, he shall
among the children of Israel: and this son of	be put to death.
the Israelitish <i>woman</i> and a man of Israel strove together in the camp:	(22) You shall have one manner of law, as well for the stranger, as for one of your own
(11) And the Israelitish woman's son	country: because I <i>am</i> the LORD {Jehovah}
blasphemed {cursed} <sup>b</sup> the Name of the	your God.
LORD {Jehovah}, and cursed. And they	(23) And Moses spoke to the children of
brought him to Moses: (and his mother's	Israel, that they should bring forth the one
name was Shelomith, the daughter of Dibri,	who had cursed out of the camp, and stone
of the tribe of Dan:)	him with stones. And the children of Israel
(12) And they put him in ward, that the	did as the LORD {Jehovah} commanded
mind of the LORD {Jehovah} might be shown them.	Moses.
(13) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to	Chapter 25
Moses, saying,	(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to
(14) Bring forth him who has cursed	Moses in mount Sinai, saying,
outside the camp; and let all who heard him	(2) Speak to the children of Israel, and say
lay their hands upon his head, and let all the	to them, When you come into the land
congregation stone him.	which I give you, then the land shall keep a
(15) And you shall speak to the children of	sabbath to the LORD {Jehovah}.
Israel, saying, Whoever curses his God shall bear his sin.	(3) Six years you shall sow your field, and six years you shall prune your vineyard, and
(16) And he who blasphemes the Name of	gather in its fruit;
the LORD {Jehovah}, he shall surely be put	(4) But in the seventh year shall be a
to death, and all the congregation shall	sabbath of rest to the land, a sabbath for the
certainly stone him: as well the stranger, as	LORD {Jehovah}: you shall neither sow
he who is born in the land, when he	your field, nor prune your vineyard.
blasphemes the Name of the LORD	(5) That which grows of its own accord of
<i>{Jehovah}</i> , shall be put to death.	your harvest you shall not reap, neither
(17) And he who kills any man shall surely be put to death.	gather the grapes of your vine undressed: <i>because</i> it is a year of rest to the land.
(18) And he who kills a beast shall make it	(6) And the sabbath of the land shall be
good; beast for beast.	food for you; for you, and for your servant,
(19) And if a man cause a blemish in his	and for your maid, and for your hired
neighbor; as he has done, so shall it be	servant, and for your stranger who lives with
done to him;	you,
(20) Breach for breach, eye for eye, tooth	(7) And for your cattle, and for the beast
for tooth: as he hath caused a blemish in a	that <i>are</i> in your land, all the increase of it shall be food.
man, so shall it be done to him <i>again</i> . <sup>d</sup>	shah be lood.
24:11b – blasphemed – cursed the Name of the	Lord: spoke disrespectfully of the Lord: setting
himself up as being God himself – see M	
24:19c – cause a blemish – cut, bruise, wound o	5 5 5
24:20d - "eye for eye" - not to be used by individ	
- equal punishment for the crime comm	iitted – see Mat. 5:38

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03.040/46 Leviticus Chapter 25 KJP (Page 192)

{03} Leviticus		
<ul> <li>(30) And if it be not redeemed within the space of a full year, then the house that <i>is</i> in the walled city shall be established forever to him who bought it throughout his generations: it shall not go out in the Jubilee.</li> <li>(31) But the houses of the villages which have no wall around them shall be counted as the fields of the country: they may be redeemed, and they shall go out in the Jubilee.</li> <li>(32) Nevertheless the cities of the Levites, and the houses of the cities of their possession, the Levites may redeem at any time.</li> <li>(33) And if a man purchases of the Levites, then the house that was sold, and the city of his possession, shall go out in the Year of Jubilee: because the houses of the cities of their cities may not be sold; because it <i>is</i> their perpetual possession.</li> <li>(35) And if your brother has become poor, and fallen in decay with you; then you shall relieve him: yes, though he is a stranger, or a guest; that he may live with you.</li> <li>(37) You shall not give him your money upon usury {interest}, nor lend him your food for increase.</li> <li>(38) I am the LORD {Jehovah} your God, Who brought you forth out of the land of Egypt, to give you the land of Canaan, and to be your God.</li> <li>(39) And if your brother <i>who lives</i> by you has become poor, and is sold to you; you shall not compel him to serve as a bond-servant:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(40) But as a hired servant, and as a guest, he shall be with you, and shall serve you until the Year of Jubilee:</li> <li>(41) And then he shall depart from you, both he and his children with him, and shall return to his own family, and to the possession of his fathers he shall return.</li> <li>(42) Because they are My servants, which I brought forth out of the land of Egypt: they shall not be sold as bondmen.</li> <li>(43) You shall not rule over him with rigor {in a harsh manner}; but shall fear {revere} your God.</li> <li>(44) Both your bond-men, and your bondmaids, which you shall have, shall be of the ungodly nations who are all around you; of them you shall buy bond-men and bondmaids.</li> <li>(45) Furthermore of the children of the strangers who live among you, of them you shall buy and of their families that are with you, which they fathered in your land: and they shall be your possession.</li> <li>(46) And you shall take them as an inheritance for your children after you, to inherit them for a possession; they shall be your bondmen forever: but over your brothers the children of Israel, you shall not rule one over another with rigor {in a harsh manner}.</li> <li>(47) And if a foreigner or stranger grows rich by you, and your brother who lives by him becomes poor, and sells himself to the stranger's family:</li> <li>(48) After he is sold he may be redeemed again; one of his brothers may redeem him; or if he is able, he may redeem himself.</li> </ul>	

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{03} Leviticus
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03.043/46 Leviticus Chapter 26 KJP (Page 195)

	Leviticus	
<ul> <li>(39) And those who are left of you shall grieve away in their sin in your enemies' lands; and also in the sins of their fathers they shall grieve away with them.</li> <li>(40) If they shall confess their sin, and the sin of their fathers, with their sin which they sinned against Me, and that also they have walked contrary to Me;</li> <li>(41) And <i>that</i> I also have walked contrary to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(46) These are the laws and commandments and laws, which the LORD {Jehovah} made between Himself and the children of Israel in mount Sinai by the hand of Moses.</li> <li>Chapter 27 <ul> <li>(1) And the LORD {Jehovah} spoke to Moses, saying,</li> <li>(2) Speak to the children of Israel, and say</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>them, and have brought them into the land of their enemies; if then their uncircumcised hearts become humbled, and they then accept of the punishment of their sin:</li> <li>(42) Then I will remember My covenant with Jacob, and also My covenant with Abraham I will remember; and I will remember the land.</li> <li>(43) The land also shall be left of them, and shall enjoy her sabbaths {days of rest}, while she lies desolate without them: and they shall accept of the punishment of their sin: because, even because they despised My judgments, and because their soul hated My commands.</li> <li>(44) And yet for all that, when they are in the land of their enemies, I will not cast them away, neither will I despise them, to destroy them completely, and to break My covenant with them: because I am the LORD {Jehovah} their God.</li> <li>(45) But I will for their ancestors, whom I brought forth out of the land of Egypt in the sight of the leng God: I am the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>to them, When a man shall make a singular vow, the persons <i>shall be</i> for the LORD {Jehovah} by your value.</li> <li>(3) And your value shall be of the male from twenty years old even to sixty years old, even your value shall be fifty shekels of silver {about 20 oz.; 567 g.},<sup>a</sup> after the shekel of the sanctuary.</li> <li>(4) And if it <i>is</i> a female, then your value shall be thirty shekels {about 12 oz.; 340 g.}.<sup>b</sup></li> <li>(5) And if <i>it is</i> from five years old even to twenty years old, then your value shall be of the male twenty shekels {about 12 oz.; 227 g.},<sup>c</sup> and for the female ten shekels {about 4 oz.; 198 g.}.<sup>d</sup></li> <li>(6) And if <i>it is</i> from a month old even to five years old, then your value shall be of the male five shekels of silver {about 2 oz.; 57 g.}, and for the female your value shall be three shekels of silver {about 4 oz.; 198 g.}.</li> <li>(7) And if <i>it is</i> from sixty years old and above; if <i>it is</i> a male, then your value shall be fifteen shekels {about 4 oz.; 198 g.}.</li> </ul>	
27:3a - a shekel is about .4 ounce of silver, so 50 shekels is about 20 ounces of silver; 567 grams 27:4b - a shekel is about .4 ounce of silver, so 30 shekels is about 12 ounces of silver; 340 grams 27:5c - a shekel is about .4 ounce of silver, so 20 shekels is about 8 ounces of silver; 227 grams 27:5d - a shekel is about .4 ounce of silver, so 10 shekels is about 4 ounces of silver; 198 grams - see <u>Appendix J: Bible Weights and Measures</u>		

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<ul> <li>(8) But if he is poorer than your value, then he shall present himself before the priest, and the priest shall value him, according to his ability who vowed the priest shall value him, according to the same the height of the who save the priest shall value him, and the priest shall value him, according to the LORD {Jehovah}, all that any man gives of such to the LORD {Jehovah}, hall be holy.</li> <li>(10) He shall not alter it, nor change it, a good for a bad, or a bad for a good: and if he shall at all change beast for beast, then it and the exchange of it shall be holy.</li> <li>(11) And if it is an unclean beast, of which they do not offer a sacrifice to the LORD {Jehovah}, then he shall present the beast before the priest:</li> <li>(12) And the priest shall value it, whether it is good or bad: as you value, it, whether it is good or bad: as you value, it, whether it is good or bad: as you value, it, whether it is good or bad: as you value, it, whether it is good ro add; as you value, it, whether it is good ro bad; as you specify the tother the priest shall value it, whether it is good ro bad; as the priest shall estimate it, so shall it stand.</li> <li>(13) And if he will at all redeem it, then he priest shall estimate it, so shall it stand.</li> <li>(15) And if a man shall sanctify tis possession, then your value shall be shall give your value it and the fifth part {20 percent} of the money of your value to it, and it shall be his.</li> <li>(16) And if a man shall sanctify to the LORD {Jehovah}, see a homer of barley seed if thy sheels of silver {about 20 oz.; 567 g.}.</li> <li>(17) If he sanctifies his field (makes it holy) from the year of the jubilee, according to your value.</li> <li>(27) for hear of inbilee, according to your value.</li> <li>(27) for hear of inbile, according to your value.</li> <li>(27) for the zeards. primes spelled - omer than a half a gallon - see Appendix J. Bible Weights and Measures</li> <li>(27) for the weard s spelled - omer than a half a gallon - see Appendix J. Bib</li></ul>	{03} Leviticus		
	<ul> <li>(8) But if he is poorer than your value, then he shall present himself before the priest, and the priest shall value him; according to his ability who vowed the priest shall value him.</li> <li>(9) And if <i>it is</i> a beast, of which men bring an offering to the LORD {Jehovah}, all that <i>any man</i> gives of such to the LORD {Jehovah} shall be holy.</li> <li>(10) He shall not alter it, nor change it, a good for a bad, or a bad for a good: and if he shall at all change beast for beast, then it and the exchange of it shall be holy.</li> <li>(11) And if <i>it is</i> any unclean beast, of which they do not offer a sacrifice to the LORD {Jehovah}, then he shall present the beast before the priest:</li> <li>(12) And the priest shall value it, whether it is good or bad: as you value it, <i>who are</i> the priest, so shall it be.</li> <li>(13) But if he will at all redeem it, then he shall add a fifth <i>part</i> {20 percent} of it to your value.</li> <li>(14) And when a man shall sanctify his house <i>to be</i> holy to the LORD {Jehovah}, then the priest shall estimate it, whether it is good or bad: as the priest shall estimate it, whether it is good or bad: as the priest shall sanctify his house <i>to be</i> holy to the LORD {Jehovah}, then the priest shall estimate it, whether it is good or bad: as the priest shall estimate it, so shall it stand.</li> <li>(15) And if he who sanctifies it {makes it holy} will redeem his house, then he shall add the fifth <i>part</i> {20 percent} of the money of your value to it, and it shall be his.</li> <li>(16) And if a man shall sanctify to the LORD {Jehovah} <i>some part</i> of a field of his possession, then your value shall be valued at fifty shekels of silver {about 20 oz.; 567 g.}.</li> <li>(17) If he sanctifies his field {makes it holy} from the year of jubilee, according to your value it shall stand.</li> <li>27:16e - homer {sometimes spelled - omer} = than a half a gallon - see <u>Appendix J</u>.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(18) But if he sanctifies his field {makes it holy} after the jubilee, then the priest shall reckon to him the money according to the years that remain, even to the Year of the Jubilee, and it shall be deducted from your value.</li> <li>(19) And if he who sanctifies the field {makes it holy} in any wise redeem it, then he shall add the fifth <i>part</i> {20 percent} of the money of your value to it, and it shall be assured to him.</li> <li>(20) And if he will not redeem the field, or if he has sold the field to another man, it shall not be redeemed any more.</li> <li>(21) But the field, when it goes out in the jubilee, shall be holy to the LORD {Jehovah}, as a field devoted; its possession shall be the priest's.</li> <li>(22) And if <i>a man</i> sanctifies to the LORD {Jehovah} a field which he has bought, which <i>is</i> not of the fields of his possession;</li> <li>(23) Then the priest shall reckon to him the worth of your value, <i>even</i> to the Year of the Jubilee: and he shall give your value in that day, <i>as</i> a holy thing to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(24) In the Year of the Jubilee the field shall return to him of whom it was bought, <i>even</i> to him to whom the possession of the land <i>belonged</i>.</li> <li>(25) And all your values shall be according to the shekel of the sanctuary: twenty gerahs shall be the LORD's {Jehovah's} first born, no man shall sanctify it {make it holy}; whether <i>it is</i> ox, or sheep: it <i>is</i> the LORD's {Jehovah's}.</li> <li>(27) And if <i>ti is</i> of an unclean beast, then he shall redeem <i>it</i> according to your value, and shall add a fifth <i>part</i> {20 percent} of it to it: or if it is not redeemed, then it shall be sold according to your value.</li> </ul>	

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<ul> <li>(28) Nevertheless no devoted thing, that a man shall devote to the LORD {Jehovah} of all that he has, both of man and beast, and of the field of his possession, shall be sold or redeemed: every devoted thing is most holy to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(29) None devoted, which shall be devoted of men, shall be redeemed; but shall surely be put to death.</li> <li>(30) And all the tithe of the land {10 percent}, whether of the seed of the land, or of the fruit of the tree, is the LORD's {Jehovah's}: it is holy to the LORD</li> </ul>	{03}	Leviticus
	<ul> <li>(28) Nevertheless no devoted thing, that a man shall devote to the LORD {Jehovah} of all that he has, both of man and beast, and of the field of his possession, shall be sold or redeemed: every devoted thing is most holy to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(29) None devoted, which shall be devoted of men, shall be redeemed; but shall surely be put to death.</li> <li>(30) And all the tithe of the land {10 percent}, whether of the seed of the land, or of the fruit of the tree, is the LORD's {Jehovah's}: it is holy to the LORD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(31) And if a man will at all redeem any of his tithes, he shall add to it the fifth part {20 percent}.</li> <li>(32) And concerning the tithe of the herd {10 percent}, or of the flock, even of whatever passes under the rod, the tenth {10 percent} shall be holy to the LORD {Jehovah}.</li> <li>(33) He shall not search whether it is good or bad, neither shall he change it: and if he changes it at all, then both it and its change shall be holy; it shall not be redeemed.</li> <li>(34) These are the commandments, which the LORD {Jehovah} commanded Moses for</li> </ul>

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